Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,
JAMES A. BEAVER, of Centre county.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
W. T. DAVIES, of Bradford county.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
WILLIAM HENRY RAWLE, of Phila.

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JOHN M. GREER, of Butler county.

CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,
MARRIOTT BROSIUS, of Lancaster.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET

CONGRESS,
SAMUEL H. ORWIG, of Union county.

ASSEMBLY,
DANIEL RHOADS, of Bellefonte.

JURY COMMISSIONER,
D. B. KUNES, of Liberty Township.

CORONER,
C. L. ADDLEMAN, of Milesburg.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

WASHINGTON city is to have a million dollar hotel.

THEY don't believe in temperance or a New England Sabbath out in Ohio. They are for Democracy and reform.

THERE is petroleum in Manitoba, and companies are forming to develop the resources of the country in this article.

NEW YORK'S big bridge is a Jumbo affair of such magnitude that they don't know what to do with it. It has cost fourteen millions already, and four or five more is required to finish it. An investigation is about to take place.

A VOTE for Daniel Rhoads for Representative will be a vote for one of the very best men in Centre county. If the people want good men in office they cannot vote for a better man or find a better man to vote for in the world.

THE Democrats of Ohio in the late election advocated free rum and no Sabbath. The Republicans took opposite ground for temperance and the Christian Sabbath. The State went Democratic by 35,000. Now is Ohio a Christian State?

JESSE JAMES, the stage robber, murderer and traitor, the prince of reformers in Missouri, is to have a monument, and yet we wonder at the increase of crime! Wouldn't Jesse James make a good Democratic reform congressman?

CHAIRMAN HENSEL, of the Democratic state committee, says: "The result in Ohio does not affect this State. I consider it neither politic or fair that our contest should be made to depend upon results which were not influenced by our issues."

CLEARFIELD county is a good place to go for candidates; they are all reformers over there. Do you doubt it? Didn't they present Flynn as a candidate for State Senate and send Jackson to see him through? Such a constituency must be solid for reform.

DANIEL RHOADS, if elected to the state legislature, will be a representative that will reflect credit upon the county he represents. He is one of nature's noblemen; a man of the people; a man who loves his fellow men; a man that his humblest constituent can approach; a man who will dare to do right without fear or favor. Such a man will serve the best interest of the whole people.

OWING to local causes the Republicans have lost Ohio, but that will not deter the Republicans of Pennsylvania from working with redoubled energy to win a triumphant victory. Greater issues are at stake here, and every Republican vote should be polled on the 7th of November. General Beaver is the choice of the people for governor, and the combination that has been arrayed against him should not be allowed to accomplish his defeat.

The Political Situation.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—As the campaign develops it becomes every day more and more apparent that the tariff question must be met and answered. Whatever may be the national thought upon this question there can be no doubt as regards Pennsylvania. The representatives of the capital and labor of this great Commonwealth—in itself almost an empire—sustaining a population of over 4,000,000 souls dependent directly or indirectly upon manufacture and agriculture, have decided unmistakably in favor of protection. Every dollar, whether invested in sustaining or producing material wealth, is interested in the solution of this all important question.

Take the city of Philadelphia, the metropolis of the State, that great hive of industry, with over 8,000 factories employing 185,000 skilled mechanics and laborers, with a capital investment of $170,000,000, and vastly more in the labor necessary to sustain these vast industries, and say whether or not she is interested in this question.

Then supplement Philadelphia by Pittsburg, Reading and the other manufacturing cities of the State, and then supplement all by the broad acres that raise the products that sustain both labor and capital and find a ready market at home and tell you readers whether or not Pennsylvania will be trifled with on the question of protection.

The people of Pennsylvania, generally, of all political creeds and parties, are in favor of a tariff for protection, but it is quite another thing as to the creeds and parties themselves. It is a common thing for Democrats to ask the question, "What has State politics to do with the matter of tariff?" Let us see

The election this fall will forecast the Presidential election of 1884. As Pennsylvania goes, so goes the Union, has become a political aphorism, and if we allow the State at the coming election to fall into the hands of the Democrats, rest assured that the next President of the United States will be a Democrat. Now if the voters at the next election have settled—each calmly and deliberately—in his own mind, that the Democratic party will give us better tariff laws than the Republican party will, let them by all means vote for Pattison on the seventh day of November, or for Stewart, which is the same thing lacking directness of purpose. If, on the contrarary, they believe that they can better trust the national Republican party upon this vital issue, they need not be told what to do, but they will do it all the same—vote for Beaver.

The question between a tariff for protection and a tariff for revenue only became a national one in party politics as early as 1824—the Whigs espousing the former and the Democrats the latter doctrine. After the dismemberment of the old Whig party, the Republican party, its lineal successor, made this a cardinal principle of its political faith, sub-servient only to the one paramount issue on the question of slavery.

The Republican party in its general tendency and policy, went to the extreme limits of protection, and stood by capital and labor alike as the United States became more and more a manufacturing country and constantly entered into fresh competition with the manufacturing countries of the old world.

Horace Greeley, the great champion of protection (and, let it not be forgotten, that he was the Democratic candidate for President in 1872), referring to the destruction of the protective tariff of 1842, and the enactment of the tariff of 1846, under Polk and Dallas, testifies as follows:

"The annals of human legislation from the earliest record to this day may be safely challenged for a parallel to this. Fools and madmen have often misruled nations, but no one ever before deliberately imposed such duties as to discourage and depress the industry of his own country by discriminating in favor of the rival branches of other nations. That distinction was left for the Loco-Foco (Democratic) Congress in the middle of the Nineteenth Century."

Such is what the venerable and lamented Greeley had to say historically upon this question, and do not forget, voters of Pennsylvania, that this event was the result of the political campaign of 1844, when Polk was elected over Henry Clay—cherished in the memory of every old Whig who is alive to-day.

Pennsylvania, then, as always, decided the issue by being fooled by the Democrats, who issued from their partisan presses, who declared from their husting platforms, and flaunted upon their campaign banners, the words that have become a political and historic lie, "Polk Dallas, and the tariff of 1842."

The Democrats carried Pennsylvania and elected their President and how did they keep their pledge? Walker, under the instigation of Polk, framed and reported the tariff bill of 1846, and upon a tie vote in the Senate, the Vice President, George M. Dallas, untruthful to his promise to the people of Pennsylvania, cast the deciding vote against the tariff of 1842 for protection, and in favor of the walker bill—a tariff for revenue only. What was the result? The fires of our furnaces went out, the rumble of rolls and the click of the looms ceased, and the manufacturing interests of the great Commonwealth of Pennsylvania received a blow from which she has not yet fully recovered.

That is the lesson on the tariff question that the people of Pennsylvania will never forget, and from that day to this the great National parties have been divided upon this issue—the Republican party in favor of a tariff for protection, and the Democratic party with the Cobden Club, of London, and the American League, of New York, in favor of Free Trade, or what is practically the same thing, a tariff for revenue only.

I cannot trespass upon the space devoted to these papers to treat this subject as its great importance deserves, but I would urge upon every voter, and especially every voter who earns his livelihood as a mechanic or laborer, or who is a member of a large and important class which drags from the bowels of the earth the ores that produce our iron and the coal that lights our domestic and manufacturing fires, to think calmly and earnestly upon this question before they cast their votes. It is no light matter—this tariff question; on the contrary, it outweighs so far as this State is concerned all others. It is a question whether the capital and labor invested and interested in developing the busy and growing industries of Pennsylvania shall be fostered by the continuance in power of the Republican party, or whether they shall be paralyzed by Democratic success at the approaching election. Let no personal feeling, no private pique or narrow jealousy divert us from the true issue. Beaver and a Republican Administration in 1884, means protection to Pennsylvania industry. Pattison and a Democratic administration in 1884 stands for Free Trade or a tariff for revenue only. J. T. V., in *Reading Times*.

THE candidates on the Republican county ticket in this county are all good citizens and entirely competent in every way to discharge the duties of the positions for which they are named. They will receive the united support of the Republicans, but there are not Republicans enough here to elect. Most of our voters are reformers unless they have changed within the year. We hope they have, but ah! vain hope; they were born reformers, their fathers voted for Jackson and they have too much sense to think for themselves. They are no kickers; they stick.

Is General Beaver a Patriot?

Says the Philadelphia *Bulletin*: We do not suppose any man in the State of Pennsylvania, however much he may be opposed politically to the distinguished soldier who has been made the nominee of the Republican party for Governor, will give a negative response to the above query. No citizen of the country has better reason to be regarded as a representative of all that patriot signifies than he, and until he became the nominee, there was not a resident of the State who would not have expressed indignation had a word been uttered against him. In politics, however, everything seems to be admissible, and we find men who have heretofore been of good repute going through the State assailing at public gatherings the gallant soldier, against whose personal character, loyalty and patriotism not a word can be truthfully uttered. Such attacks might be expected from Democratic partisans, but the orator who stands upon a platform professing to be a Republican and says ought detrimental to the interests of such a candidate is unfit to be the associate of honorable and patiotic men. From his youth to the present time James A. Beaver has been imbued with the patriotic principles which every American should possess, and his private life has been without a stain. The tidings of the firing on Sumter had scarcely reached the ears of the people of the North before he had fastened his sword to his side and was on his way to fight the battles of his country, impressed with the fact, as he then expressed it, that his duty first and above all to God, his duty to posterity, all demanded that he should hasten to the defense of the nation in the hour of its peril. It is unnecessary for us to refer in detail to the career of the brave soldier from this time until the day, more than three years afterwards, when he was borne from the field so severely wounded that the amputation which has since compelled him to use crutches was necessary to save his life. Four times before had his blood been shed by the enemies of the republic, but it was not until permanent disability made it impossible for him longer to remain in the service that he consented to relinquish a command which had given him so much renown.

What General Beaver has been since the war as an honest patriot and an exemplar in all the virtues that make a good citizen, is too well known by the people of the commonwealth to make it necessary for us to say a word. He has always been a consistent Republican, a fact of itself which, until within a few months, would have brought to the support of his aspirations every citizen who loves his country, and, so loving, has a high estimation for the men who took a prominent part in the struggle for its preservation from destruction. Democratic partisans may endeavor to make voters forget what the Christian soldier (and who is more deserving of the title?) has done for humanity and prosperity, and their allies may strive to convince them that it is better to cast their ballot in such a way that the enemies of Republican principles can achieve victory; but the majority of the people, knowing that the nominee for Governor is all that he should be mentally, morally and loyally, will on the day of election pronounce their decision that General Beaver is a patriot and shall perform the duties of executive for at least one term.

What it Has Done.

While the Democratic papers are discussing what the Republican party has *not* done for the negroes, it may not be amiss to recall what the Democratic party has done *for* the negroes.

It split in two in a quarrel over the claim, by one wing, of the right to carry slavery into the heart of the North under the guise of protecting it in the Territories.

It had negrophobia because negroes were allowed to work and fight for the Union cause.

It resisted emancipation as an unpardonable crime.

It opposed the amendment abolishing ownership in men.

It opposed negro citizenship and equality of rights before the law.

It opposed negro suffrage.

It lives by suppressing the negroes' ballots in the South. Its leaders in the South deny that the negro has any lot or portion in this white man's government.

Its unrebuked agents have hunted negroes like wild beasts, and caused it to be understood that negro voting shall only be tolerated when it does not affect the result; it has thus stifled the voice of a half million of negro citizens.

It has crowned all this by an impudent attempt to make itself the the guardian of the negroes against the ingratitude and indifference of the Republican party.

Model Reformers.

"Democracy and reform" has passed into a proverb. The sentiment seems good, put he "who is deceived thereby is not wise." The proverb interpreted truly reads: Democracy never reforms. Jackson, of Clearfield, is a true Democratic reformer. He believes in the potency of money. He uses it when it will serve his purpose, as he attempted to do at the late Democratic conference at Lock Haven when he offered to bribe the Clinton county conferees to vote for Flynn. Caldwell exposed him because he thought he could gain an advantage by so doing. The result was the nomination of Alexander by fraud. Will the honorable Senator accept a nomination obtained in so questionable a way? Oh, what noble reformers! We make a suggestion: Cannot one of these three Democratic counties in this senatorial district reward this true Democratic reformer Jackson by giving him a job like the one just about completed by some of the old court house ring in this county, where they payed or will pay some of these reformers over thirty-five dollars a day for work which any farmer's boy in the county could perform just as well as they. Almost four thousand dollars for eight month's works! This to one man for one office in the court house! The other offices will run the bill up to ten thousand dollars for two thousand dollars worth of work. How do the farmers of Centre county like this as a reward for their faithfulness to Democratic reform? Well, gentlemen, you must pay your individual proportion of this steal. If you like to pay such a price for the privilege of sticking to the ticket, why stick—who has a better right? It is a credit to your intelligence and bullheadedness. You are noble specimens of independent American citizens. Keep on sending your poor men to Bellefonte to stay three years and go away rich at your expense. It is a good way to keep them off the township. Perhaps if we had been born a "Dimocrat" and our father had voted for Andrew Jackson and our grandfather for Thomas Jefferson we might have done the same thing. Such lack of brains or brains capable of good common horse sense runs in families, you know; stick to your ticket. The republicans have only nominated good men just to deceive you and make you "kick." Don't be deceived by such Republican tricks. The court house ring are the only reformers in the county. They, their attorneys and runners will tell you how to vote. They are all reformers. So is Jackson of Clearfield; so are the men in this county that get $35 per day for county work, and so are those who have the promise from the ring that they shall have the next job. Voters of Centre county, you pay the bills and you have a right to vote as you please and you will stick to the Democratic ticket. Of course, you will. Noble reformers! Noble constituency!

VOTING the independent ticket is but a sneaking way to bring the Democrats into power. Then what will become of civil rights and all the blessings vouchsafed the colored race by Republican rule? Let the watchward be, "Eternal gratitude to our preservers!" "steady fealty to the Republican party and its candidates!"

GENERAL NOTES.

THE citizens of Ardmore are taking steps to incorporate their village into a borough.

THE mildest hazing in the Wisconsin University is promptly followed by expulsion.

THE Cambria Iron Works, at Johnstown, employ nearly 8,000 men, and the works are valued at $7,000,000.

THE practicing physicians of Cambria Co. have determined to keep a record of all births and deaths hereafter.

MRS. AMY TOURTELLOT, of Newport, R. I. celebrated her centennial birthday anniversary on september 25.

VISCOUNTESS STRINGFORD established a hospital for the Egyptian wounded, and the Khedive gave her 80 beds from Arabi's house.

JOSHUA DUNN has lived upon the same farm in Garrard county, Ky., for 60 years, and says that the present crop is the best in his experience.

WASHINGTON has "comet parties." The guests assemble at 4 a. m. and view the comet until the sun rises. Meantime refreshments are served.

THE TRANSFORMATION of dismal old burial grounds into charming gardens, full of fine shrubs and bright flowers, is extending all over England.

GEORGE FISHER, colored, a fugitive from justice from South Carolina, while being pursued by officers on Thursday, jumped into the canal at Augusta, Ga., and was drowned.

WHILE the hop crop has failed, barley is low enough to equalize the increase in the price of hops. So that beer will be no dearer, and the ruling people of Ohio may drink in peace.

WHILE Mrs. Cline was talking to Mrs. Mullen at London, Franklin county, the other day, the latter folded her hands, leaned her head back in the chair and died without a word.

BRICK POMEROY, who is now editing a weekly paper in Denver, is building a very large house near the city. The parlor is to be 40 by 50 feet, and it is to be run next the roof.

MRS. LANGTRY as *Rosalind* is described in a letter to the Boston *Globe* as "putting her chain about *Orlando's* neck as if she were delegated to reward the prize marksman at a volunteer meeting."

OF SIXTY-NINE provinces of Italy, only six are extinct from malaria. To abolish it 100,000 plants of the encalyptus have been lately set out by railroad companies and private individuals all over Italy.

THE HAY CROP in Iceland has been nearly destroyed, rendering the wholesale slaughter of cattle unavoidable. Some flour is wanting in many districts. The population are unprepared to meet the winter.

THE REVISED census gives the population of Scotland at 3,735,573, an increase of 11 per cent. since 1871, a rate of progress not exceeded since the third decade of the present century. In 1800 the population was 1,600,000.

OF THE 123,000 square miles which Norway contains, only 3,500 are pasturage and only 980 are under the plough. The consequence is that not only corn, but also butter and meat, have to be imported in large quantities.

THE Women's Christian temperance union will hold its next national convention in Louisville, Ky., beginning on Wednesday, the 25th instant, and continuing in session several days. Miss Frances E. Willard is president of the union.

NEAL LAMONT, aged 25 years, of West Stockbridge, Mass., in taking a loaded gun from a carriage on Wednesday evening, the 11th., accidentally discharged one barrel and received the entire contents in his breast. He cannot recover.

MRS. BENJAMIN W. LEWIS, the wife of a bricklayer in Chester, charges John McKinney and William McFadden, and two other men whom she does not know, with having gotten her husband helplessly drunk on Tuesday night, the 10th inst.

SOME NURSERYMEN are so much impressed with the eloquent nomenclature lately adopted at a convention of undertakers, who resolved to call themselves henceforth "funeral directors," that they propose to assume the designation of "arboreal manipulators."

WHILE boys in the East are longing to become bandits and Indian slayers on the western plains, two ten-year-old Nebraska urchins, after reading some story paper descriptive of New York life, bought two pistols with stolen money, and set out for that city to become Bowery ruffians.

MR. RAMEAU of Lille, an enthusiastic horticulturist, left that town $200,000, on condition of its building a horticultural hall for flower shows, with rooms for a horticultural society, and last month the internation flower show was held there, which was a great success, containing some very noteworthy exhibits.

PROF. TORINELLI has lately exhibited at the hospital of Santo Spirito in Rome a corpse preserved by him. The body, once in a state of incipient putrefaction, has been reduced by Mr. Torinelli to a state of freshness as if it had been dead only a few minutes. After six months the body turns into a complete mummification with no odor of any kind.

JIM MALONE, a noted race horse in the years 1880 and 1881, who beat such good ones as Gen. Phillips, Bucktie, Aurora's Baby, and the great Himyar, was the property of Frank James, the outlaw, who has just surrendered himself to the State of Missouri. James owned several race horses that used to be entered in other men's names, but James followed them about and backed them successfully.

WHEN the King of the Netherlands went to London for his sister-in-law's marriage with the Duke of Albany, the corporation voted him the freedom of the city in a gold box, but the death of another sister of his wife's prevented the presentation. For a while the corporation could not decide what to do about it, but ultimately the Lord Mayor and Sheriff went, for the first time probably in history, to the Hague, presented their box, and dined at the palace.

Poetry.

PARADOXICAL.

What was it, when a babe I lay,
"Caught on" to me one summer day
And almost walked with me away?
The measles.

And when I grew to quite a kid,
And down the cellar door I slid,
What made me sorry for what I did?
A sliver.

And when I to an urchin grew,
And thought I more than mother knew,
What made me think I'd "broke in two?"
Green apples.

When my pants "had grown" quite long
And I myself had grown quite strong,
What one day made me feel "quite wrong?"
A cigar.

And when I sought "my little bed,"
And thought to rest my dizzy head,
Who "thumped" till my face was red?
My mother.

And when I was a dandy clerk,
And "tipped" a girl a "knowing smirk,"
Who "fixed" me so I couldn't work?
Her brother.

And when I from my bed arose,
And once more tried to wear my clothes,
Who onto all my wages "froze?"
The doctor.

INTERRUPTED SENTIMENT.

Lucinda, dearest, 'neath the bending tree,
Stooped to kiss the stream that laves its feet,
I'll draw the boat; and thinking but of thee,
Will luncheon eat.

Mark how the placid tide flows smoothly by,
Note yonder bank aglow with golden gorse;
'Tis nature's specie bank. What's in that pie?
Ugh! steak, of course.

Sip life's sweet cup of joy, love, in this spot;
For thee no after-taste no bitter dregs,
'Tis nectar. Bah! I've told you I cannot
Eat hard-boiled eggs.

The dappled shade of willow and of ash
Spreads o'er the verdant grass for thy sweet sake,
And love—the salad dressing's gone to smash.
And soaked the cake!

What! Hang it all! Each day I speak in vain.
Lucinda, this is shameful—only look!
No mustard on the sandwiches again!
Discharge the cook.

Our Story Teller.

A Short Visit.

"What!" said Mrs. Haven, almost in a shriek.

"It's true," said her husband. "They're coming to visit us—every one of 'em! My sister Zuleima, because the Saratoga hotels are too intolerably hot for endurance; cousin Herbert Haller because he is æsthete, and wants to study nature from a level hitherto untrodden; Mrs. Johnson, because the children don't recuperate after the whooping cough Aunt Sadie, on account of a difficulty with her landlady on the subject of poodle dogs; and Uncle Jenks, because he never has visited us and wants to know what my wife is like."

"Dear me!" faintly gasped Mary Haven, looking around her pretty sitting room, draped in pink chintz, fragrant with fresh flowers, and decorated with gilt bird cages, water color sketches and Kensington embroidery. "What am I to do?"

"Do!" repeated her husband, who was intent on clipping off the end of his cigar so that it would 'draw' satisfactorily. "There is only one thing to do, let 'em come."

"All at once!"

"Yes, all at once."

"And I with only one girl and the thermometer at ninety in the shade, and the painters in possession of the second story!" hysterically cried the lady.

Couldn't be a better combination of circumstances, my dear," said Mr. Haven.

"I don't believe these people care a straw about seeing me," said Mrs. Haven, ready to burst into tears.

"Neither do I," said her husband. "It's only on account of their convenience, the hot weather and the high price at the hotels," added Mrs. Haven. "Hugh, I've a great mind to commit suicide."

"Don't do that, my dear!" said Mr. Haven. "I can suggest a better plan. I was just thinking, do you know—"

"Of telegraphing to the city for a new force of servants, a box of provisions from Minandi's, and a dozen cots, with hair mattresses and bedding to match?" eagerly interrupted the lady.

"Nothing of the sort!" said Mr. Haven, serenely eying the distant landscape through the amethyst rays of cigar smoke.

"Of moving."

"Moving, Hugh?"

"To the little cottege by the lake," Mr Haven explained. Only for a few days, merely on account of the repairs at the house. Paint upsets my digestion, and the sound of a carpenter's hammer sets my teeth on edge. Besides, Hodge, the contractor, can work a deal faster if we're all out of the way."

"But, Hugh, the cottege is nothing on earth but an inferior camping out place, with board floors and not a particle of plaster about it," remonstrated Mary.

"What of that my love?" said the imperbturable husband. "Our friends don't come, as I take it, to admire frescoe and gilding, but to enjoy our society."

'They'll think we live there always," said Mrs. Haven, with corrugated brow.

"That is precisely what I wish them to think, my dear."

"Oh!" said Mrs. Haven.

"You follow my meaning?"

"I—think—I—begin—to," said she, with an amused light beginning to sparkle into her eyes. "Yes, dear, perhaps it would be a good plan to move—just when the repairs are in progress.

And she hurried up stairs to pack a few necessaries at once.

The cottage of Wiscomac Lake was not an imposing edifice. There was plenty of room in it, such as it was, but the floors were of rude pine boards, the windows were undraped, and the furniture was such as was adapted merely to the wants of camping parties who were prepared to "rough it" after the most primative fashion; and when Mrs. Zuleima Montague Prout drove to the door, in a wagon heavy laden with trunks, she stared, through her gold eyeglasses, in a most ridiculous manner, at the rude porch of shingles, supported by cedar posts mantled in their native bark, the shutterless windows and unpainted wood settees on the grass.

This isn't "The Solitudes?" said she "Drive on man! You have made a mistake!"

"This 'ere's where Lawyer Haven's folks live," said the man, leisurely chewing a straw. "Guess it's enough of a "solitude" to suit anybody."

"I thought it was a picturesque cottage," said Mrs. Montague Prout. in accent of the keenest disappointment.

But at this moment Mrs. Haven herself hurried to the door.

"I think you must be my husband's sister Zuleima," said she, graciously. "Do come in?"

"But where are my trunks to go?" said the fashionable widow, who had dazzled the eyes of the Saratoga world with her numerous changes of toilet during the past fortnight.

"You can put them in the shed at the back of the barn," said Mrs. Haven, graciously. "I don't think they will quite go up the stairway."

Mr. Haller arrived later in the day—a long-haired, sallow complexioned young man, in a violet velveteen suit, followed by a countryman carrying his portable casel, color cases, traveling library and writing desk. He knocked loudly at the door of the cottage with the ivory knob of his cane.

"Can you tell me where Mr. Haven lives!" said he.

"This is the place," said the hostess.

"This!" echoed Mr. Haller.

"You are Cousin Herbert, I suppose," said Mrs. Haven, politely. "Walk in! My husband will come on the evening train. Allow me to show you to your room. It is rather small; but we are expecting a good deal of company, and I dare say you won't mind a little inconvenience!"

And she led him into a seven-by-nine apartment, under the eves, where he couldn't stand upright except just in the middle of the room, and where the three-paned window was close to the door. "Humph!" soliliquized the æsthete, looking ruefully around him, "this isn't at all what I expected!"

Mary Haven had scarcely got down stairs, and resumed the manufacture of raspberry pies, when shouts and cries in various keys announced the coming of Mrs. Johnson and her four children, on a "buckboard wagon" from the nearest stage station,

"Is this Cousin Hugh's house, ma?" said Adelaide, the eldest, discontentedly.

"It ain't nothing but a shanty!" loudly proclaimed Alexander Gustavus, the second hope of the family.

"There ain't no paint on it," said Helen Louise.

"Lemme get out! lemme get out!" shrieked Julietta, "and play in that lovely black mud, where the frog-toad is sitting!"

Mrs. Johnson sailed in, with a scarlet face and a perturbed look.

"I'm afraid, Cousin Mary," said she, "that we shall inconvenience you. There don't seem to be much accommodation here."

"Oh, there's plenty of room up in the garret, such as it is," said Mrs. Haven, smilingly. "Of course one expects to lead a gypsy life in a place like this, and the lake will be so nice for the little dears to play in, if only they are a little careful, for it's very deep; and it's so lucky you are here, cousin Johnson, to help me with the pies and bread, for I am not a very experienced housekeeper, and—"

"I thought you kept two or three servants," said Mrs. Johnson, frigidly.

"I have only one young girl just at present," said Mrs. Haven; "and of course, when there's so much company there's a great deal to do. Oh, there comes a lady with a sweet little yelping dog!"

She glanced out of the open doorway.

"Goodness me, if it ain't that intolerable old aunt Sadie, with her inevitable dog!" groaned Mrs. Johnson, as a fat elderly lady toiled up the path, in a scarlet shawl and a black lace bat.

"Bless me!" said Aunt Sadie, purple with heat and dripping with perspiration, "you don't never mean to say, niece Haven, that this 'ere's the place I heard tell of on the Lake—what d'ye call it?"

"It is where we live at present," said Mrs. Haven, quietly.

"I'm downright sorry I left the tavern at the railroad," said Aunt Sadie, sadly. "I ain't used to these unplastered houses, and I'm almost sure Trip will catch cold."

Uncle Jenks was the last to come—a shrewd, brown faced old man, in a gray suit, and keen eyes like an eagle. He looked around him and seemed to take in the situation at once.

"No servants, eh?" said he. Well, It's lucky I came I'm pretty handy to fetch water and split kindling, and help around the house; and you're pretty slim, my dear, to do all the work of this house, with only a young gal to help you. So Hugh hasn't done real well in business? I've a little money uninvested myself, and I don't know as I could do better with it than lend it to my sister's son."

Thus he spoke cheery and kind, while Mrs. Montague Prout fanned herself on the porch, and Cousin Herbert did battle with the mosquitoes and midgets. Mrs. Johnson followed her four children about in ceaseless terror lest they should be drowned, and Aunt Sadie felt her dog's pulse and groaned over the heat.

One night at the cottage settled the question of "to stay or not to stay," in the mind of Mrs. Haven's guests.

"I never slept in such a hot place in my life," said Mrs. Johnson, with a sigh.

"The bed wasn't long enough for me to stretch myself out in, and the eaves touched my forehead," said Cousin Herbert sadly.

"The owls hooted all night in the woods," said Aunt Sadie, "and kept dear little Trip barking until he was hoarse"

"I wouldn't stay here if you would pay me a thousand dollars a week," said Mrs. Montague Prout, thinking of her pink silk, party dresses and 12-button kid gloves.

"Well," said Uncle Jenks, dryly, "it ain't just the location I should have selected for a country residence, but I ain't going off to leave Hugh and his wife while I can manage to be useful to them."

So the company parted, with various adieux and insincere protestations of regard, and only Uncle Jenks was left. And then Mr. Haven took his cigar from between his lips.

"Uncle Jenks," said he, "suppose we go up and see how the carpenters and painters are getting along with the conservatory up at the house!"

"At what house!" said Uncle Jenks.

"Mine," said Mr. Haven.

"Don't you live here?" said Uncle Jenks.

"Not all the time," said Mr. Haven. "We only came here to accommodate such of our relations as merely desire to make a convenience of us."

"Oh," said Uncle Jenks, a slow smile beginning to break over his shrewd, brown face.

And Mary Haven confessed that her husband's advice had proven its own excellence.

Uncle Jenks, the only one of the troop who really cared two straws for them, was with them still—the rest of them had been frightened away by the rusticities of the Lake Wiscomac cottage.

"And I wish them bon voyage!" said Mr. Haven, calmly.

"So do I," agreed Mary.

The Performance is Closed.

The facts connected with the miserable experience of young Symonds as an actor were these: He was hired to play in a stock company, and one night was called upon almost at an hour's notice to take part in a play he had never seen, his services being required in consequence of the illness of the man playing it. So little time did he have to prepare for the performance that a rehearsal was impossible. The part given him to study was in manuscript. The man who had previously played it was an eccentric person and had written in a lot of ridiculous stage directions. Symonds was amazed to find them in a serious part, but supposed them all right, and at evening appeared with his lines and business pretty well learned A large and fashionable audience assembled in the theatre. The curtain was rung up and the play commenced. His first speech described the misery of the poverty-stricken mother at home. After it he danced a little break down. The audience were amazed, and the other actors on the stage dumb-founded. But Symonds knew he was to follow his stage directions. Presently he had to refuse a proposition to commit crime. He did so in grand style, and then took off his hat and jumped on it. This extraordinary proceeding created a sensation. The manager came and stood in the wings and suffered anguish. After his next speech, a defiance to his temper, he crawled under the sofa That just set everybody wild, and the manager danced up and down in the wings, and swore he'd kill Symonds when he came off. After a touching love scene with the heroine, Symonds proceeded to stand on his head and howl, and the audience howled too, and the manager shrieked to him to come off. But Symonds didn't hear, and proceeded. He spoke his next speech with such impressiveness and magnificence of manner that the audience was, in spite of itself, hushed into respectful silence, and at its close was about to applaud, when Symonds yanked off a boot and hurled it viciously at the head of the orchestra. That settled it. The leader, who was badly hurt on the jaw by the boot, came up over the footlights, and the manager rushed on from the wings, and the way they bounced Symonds about was fearful. He made a big fight, and was still at it when the curtin was rung down. After they were parted, Symonds explained, and showed his part as a justification for his conduct. But the manager would accept no excuse, and, going before the curtin, said: "Ladies and gentlemen, occasionally a natural-born-idiot, with a phenomenal faculty for making an ass of himself, is sent into the world. Such a one has inflicted himself upon us to night. For my part, I have endured the agony of the damned while watching him, and I presume you've had enough of his donkeyism. Therefore the performance is closed."

There is said to be a great similarity between a vain young lady and a confirmed drunkard, in that neither can get enough of the glass.

The Loan of a Lover.

Washington Correspondence in Charleston News and Courier.

There is stopping in the city at the present time a gentleman whose name it would be unfair to give, but whose mission here is certainly a novel one. It is, in fact, the establishment of a private bureau which will have for its object the loaning of young men. For instance: A wealthy maiden lady of an uncertain age desires an escort to the theatre, receptions, etc. Despite the glitter of wealth and all the arts of the modiste she fails to attract, and must, perforce, enjoy the distinction of a male escort by playing the role of chaperon to a younger and fairer niece or cousin, or, as is more frequently the cases remain at home. To all such the founder of this bureau will prove a sincere friend. The young men to be employed will be handsome, thoroughly accomplished, sufficiently æsthetic to suit all requirements, educated and agreeable. They will probably "come high," but the old maids will have them. In a social sense they will perform the same duties that are now performed by the nimble but humble district telegraph boy, with the difference that the former adds tone and attractiveness, while the latter is merely useful. The *modus operandi* is briefly this: The maiden lady sends for the manager and informs him of her wishes. The manager open his album and displays the different styles of beauty, accompanying each photograph with description of the manners and characteristics of the original. The lady chooses her man, who immediately calls. If suited the terms are next agreed upon. If the lady be particularly aristocratic she will probably board the young man at a fasionable hotel, where he will simply be known as a gentleman of elegant leisure. The manager will see that he has a large and suitable wardrode befitting a young gentleman of his social standing. Until the contract expires he remains the property of the lessee. It shall be his duty to drive her out in the evenings, take her to the different public places of amusement and, as her escort to the houses of her fashionable acquaintances, be introduced as "an old friend of the family temporarily remaining in the city." If it be the lady's pleasure that he talks interestedly *entre-acts*, squeezes her hand impulsively, or looks unutterable love at her as she glides through the mazy, he is, of course, expected to do so. The "dummy's" compensation will be regulated in a great degree by the crankiness and illlooks of the lessee. The homelier and more exacting she is the greater his pay.

But the utility does not end there. Young ladies will find him useful also. In their case his duty as an escort will not be a necessity, but simply to arouse the jealousy and pique the feelings of some other young man who may be too backward in coming forward. It is to be expected that the dummy will manage things so adroitly that the object of the young lady's affections will declare his feelings in short order, lest the stranger step in and carry off the prize he has so long been playing fast and loose with.

Looked at from a philosophical standpoint the scheme is a good one. At all events the experiment will be tried here nlext winter. If successful branches will be speedily opened in every large city in the country.

What her Pa Told her to Ask Him.

Maudena McMullin nestled in the rich upholstery and luxurious appointments of a single-seated livery rig, by the side of young Simkins, as they drove slowly through the sylvan glens and leafy dales of the McKinny road; and the rosy blush of the bloom of youth played on her ruby lips and dimpled cheek, as she shot coy glances from her eloquent orbs that filled his manly heart with rapturous emotions.

"Do—do you love me, darling?" said he, in a tone of passionate tenderness, impulsively pressing her soft, limped hand as he spoke.

"O, yes," she uttered, resting her Summer hat against his cotton-padded shoulder, "yes, darling, better, far better—than even ice-cream."

"Then," said the man, in passionate tones, his breast heaving with the strength of his emotion, which told more truly than mere words of the untold depth of his affection, "then—will you be mine?"

"Pa said you would say that darling," the girl responded, trembling in the ecstasy of her joy.

"Did he?" the man inquired, his face wreathed in smiles and his heart buoyant with hope.

"Yes, and he told me to ask you what you would do with a wife on thirty dollars a month?"

Plantation Philosophy.

A man ain't half so skeered in darkness just afore day as he is in de darkness just arter night. It generally takes a man about fifty years ter believe dat he's a fool, and de balance ob life ter know dat he is. It is true dat a dog is a mighty grateful animal, but he'll move much quicker fur a frown den he will fur a smile. Originality in nature ain't allers rated higher den imitation; de mocking-bird brings a higher price den de crow. De preachers what is always complimentin' de dove doan remember dat he is a bad han' at pullin' up young corn. Doan gauge honestly by polished manners, young man; de moie is mighty slick, but he's one ob de most underminin' members ob de animal kingdom. A great deal ob harm is sometimes 'complished in doin' good; de martin makes war on insects, but he includes de honey bee in his bill of fare.—*Arkansaw Traveler.*

Civil Service Reform in the State.

From Gen. Beaver's speech in Industrial Art Hall, Philadelphia.

I take it for granted that the platform, so far as it relates to the question of civil service reform and the use of political influence for the attainment of personal ends, refers rather to National Administration than to that of the State, and as I am restricted in what I am to say wholly to what concerns our State administration, I am bound in candor and good faith to say that, having been somewhat familiar with the workings of our State government in all its departments, the rules laid down by our last State convention, governing the appointment of men to official positions on the ground of merit and fitness alone, have in the main been observed by those who are now at the head of the several executive departments. I cannot stop to enumerate individual instances, but those who are familiar with our auditor general's office, the State treasury management, with the offices of the Attorney-general and adjutant general, the State library, with the insurance department, that of internal affairs and with the office of the secretary of the commonwealth can recall numerous instances in which places in one or more of these departments have been filled by men of opposite political views to the party in power chiefly because of their fitness for the place to which they had been appointed. I recall now a gentleman who has filled a place in the office of the secretary of the commonwealth for perhaps thirty years, who was appointed under a Democratic administration, and has held under Governor Curtin and all who have succeeded him as the executive of the State, simply because of his fitness and experience.

The declaration of principles upon this and cognate subjects contained in the platform of the Republican party and that of the so-called Independents are identical; the only ground upon which any so-called Republicans can justify a revolt in this contest is that the platform is a lie, and the candidates who stand upon it are liars. In accepting the nomination which was tendered me by the unanimons voice of the 257 representatives of the Republican party of the State, 190 of whom were elected by the direct vote of the people, I pledged myself to carry out the principles of the party as they were that day enunciated in plaiform. My colleagues upon the ticket have each and every one of them done the same thing. We have sworn fealty to duty as well as to party in promising to give honest, full effect to that platform and to all the principles and improvement in methods it suggests or demands. Our declarations are delusions and snares, our oath is violated in advance and the party we represent must be wholly corrupt to afford any excuse for desertion or rebellion in this war.

A Historic Mansion.

Bertha Rothschild, who renounced Judaism to marry the Prince Alexander de Wagram, bringing to him an income of $150,000 a year, is spending her honeymoon at his chateau in a suburb of Paris. This is a grand place, called Gros Bois, though not so pleasantly situated as when Napoleon gave it to Marshal Berthier. It had belonged to a noble family that had emigrated, and it had become national property. The first Emperor was liberal in giving such estates to his military followers, who, in accepting them, bound themselves over to join in no conspiracy which had for its object the bringing back of the Bourbons and the old aristocracy.

The Prince de Wagram succeeded in having the grounds cut across by two railroads, in order to replenish his treasury by obtaining excessive damages, which he did through official connivance. The money enabled him to secure brilliant matches for two of his daughters. The third married Prince Joachim Murat as the Emperor was declining, and has since been obliged to ask her father for that income with which it was expected the Emperor would keep his cousin Joachim supplied.

Pattison's Clerks.

From the Harrisburg *Telegraph*: The clerks in the Philadelphia City Comptroller's office contribute $50 each, aggregating $1,200, to the Democratic campaign fund Pattison, the pretended reformer; Pattison, the honest, taking from the clerks under him $50 each to secure his election as Governor of the State of Pennsylvania! Jay Hubbell is not the only political blackmailer who assesses poorly paid clerks. Pattison, the honest; Pattison, the reformer; Pattison, the Democratic nominee for Governor, assesses his own clerks in the comptroller's office to pay his campaign expenses, or allows them to be assessed fifty dollars each, which is the same thing. Jay A. Hubbell and R. E. Pattison take front seats together as campaign political assessors. The only difference between them is that Pattison's clerks pay the money for his use, while Jay A. Hubbell takes it for the use of his party.

"I say, when does this train leave?" "What are you asking me for? Go to the conductor; I'm the engineer." "I know you're the engineer; but you might give a civil answer." "Yes, but I'm not a civil engineer."

Fenderson says he wishes he was a rumor for rumor soon gains currency, and that he has never been able to do.

A Bad Give Away.

The following conversation, says the Lewisburg *Chronicle*, took place during court week between Charles S. Wolfe and a leading Republican who voted for Wolfe last year:

Mr. Wolfe—I hear that you are not with us this fall.

Republican—No; I am for Beaver. There is no chance for Stewart anyhow.

Mr. W—*Well, but we can help elect Pattison.*

Republican—Yes, but I am not prepared yet to help elect a Democrat.

This shows clearly what Mr. Wolfe's object is. He does not care a fig for Stewart, but is trying to lead Republicans over into the Democratic camp. And yet he claims to be a Republican still. So much the greater is the fraud.

The above conversation can be verified by affidavit if denied.

A Shabby Trick.

Henry Augustus Blake, of Bridgewater, Mass., was a briefless lawyer with a rich wife. She was content to support him in idleness, and, when he desired to make an extensive western tour, she gave him money for the expenses. He was absent a year, and she had frequent letters from him, while he received regular remittances from her. Lately he wrote that he was going into a rough mining region, where there was no postoffice, and that she would not hear from him for months. But she did, and within a few days, through a marriage notice in a Providence newspaper, which said that he had become the husband of Caroline Hale, who recently inherited $125,000 from her grandfather, the late Congressman Artemas Hale. He had used his wife's money to get a western divorce, in order to marry a wealthier woman.

American Enterprise.

The American gentlemen who went into raptures over Niagara, not because of its grandeur, but because of its being "a fine water power," was probably more typical of his countrymen than is generally supposed; at any rate, a com-patriot of his imitated him at a distance by buying up all the land in the neighborhood of Bellegarde, through which the Rhone runs subterraneously. It is now, however, thanks to his ingenuity, being diverted from its underground passage, and by means of a channel, turned off in a new direction, where its power can be used in working any amount of machinery. Already mechanics are beginning to flock in from various parts of Europe, and the inhabitants of the place are of opinion that ere long Bellegrade will become a thriving town.

Industrious English Students.

In a lecture at Boston on Sunday Mr. Parton said that at Eton College, England, the students made in 1880 a five horse power steam engine, which turns the lathes in their shop. This is a great change from the almost exclusive Latin verse making of bygone days, and one which the Etonian destined for New Zealand or Australia will highly appreciate. Many of the bigger boys at Eton have their own forges at which they hammer and mould. To Cornell must be given the credit of originating this wholesome industrial move.

A Georgia joke: Marshal Peacock was seated on the steps at Joel Smith's store, discussing with a crowd of gentlemen about the late Burney-Clay homicide, when a little negro came tearing down the street saying that a man had got shot up at Nat Hugh's store. Marshal Peacock commenced at once to measure space for the scene of action. On reaching Hugh's he asked: "Nat, I heard down the street that a man had got shot at your store; where is the man? And tell me about it." Nat, in his usual quiet, indifferent manner, replied: "Yes; Mart Simpson got shot here awhile ago. He bought them from me to go squirrel-hunting." Mr. Peacock ducked his head.

Why They Don't Like Beaver's Crutches.

Some of the Democratic editors cannot bear the noise of General Beaver's crutches when he steps forward on a platform to address the people. It reminds them of the fact that it was their friends who made the crutches a necessity.

They were out sleighing. "Gussie, dear," said she, as she leaned a tender cheek on his manly checked ulster, "why are those snow-flakes like your mustache?" This pleased him, even to have it noticed. "I don't know pet," he murmured innocently. "Why are they?" "Because they are slow coming down." He drove with both hands after this.

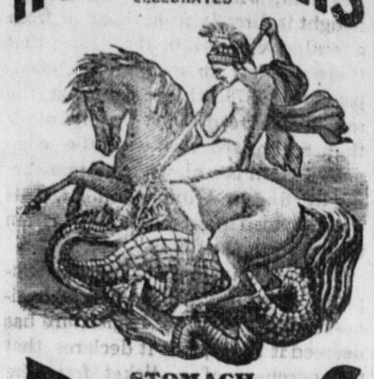
"No, sir," said Dr. Jalap, I wouldn't have that apple tree cut down for money." "But you never get any fruit from it," argued Brown; the boys steal all the apples before they are half ripe," "That's just it," replied the doctor, with a quiet smile, "that tree stands me in a good thousand every season."

A Massachusetts woman was so jealous of her husband's first wife, that when he died she refused to allow him to be buried beside her. She remarked to the undertaker at the funeral: "I ain't agoin' to have that woman a-leanin' on Jim's arm at the resurrection day, if I kin help it, you bet."

The green grocer is one who trusts the new family in the next block.

Miscellaneous.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED



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The true antidote to the effects of miasma is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This medicine is one of the most popular remedies of an age of successful proprietary specifics, and is in immense demand wherever on this continent fever and ague exists. A wineglassful three times a day is the best possible preparative for encountering a malarious atmosphere, regulating the liver and invigorating the stomach.
For sale by all Druggists and dealers generally.

Nets! Nets! Nets!
At SCHOFIELD'S,
Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa.
I have on hand a large stock of Fly Nets, which, as the season is now far advanced, I will sell at a reduction of
25 PER CENT.
Great Bargains. Call Immediately.
14-30tf JAMES SCHOFIELD.

F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,
Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 11y

INSURANCE.
INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.
INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY
FIRE AND LIGHTNING.
9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER
Furst's Building.) High street,-Bellefonte

Professional Cards.

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-2tf

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER.
HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-40-1y

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'71-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

YOCUM & HARSHBERGER, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office northeast corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 40-4w

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-82

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law
Office next to Garman's hotel, in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

H. K. HOY, M. D.
Office in Conrad House, above Fortney's Law Office, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to Operative Surgery and Chronic diseases. 13-15-1y

Banks and Bankers.

R. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte
Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Shaving Saloons.

WM. MILLS
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Feity's new building High street, Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

M. S. GRAHAM,
FASHIONABLE BARBER
In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without ether pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths* 5-1y

Independent Assessments.

LEWISBURG, Oct. 3.—In this county there is a committee composed of persons who were deposed from the Regular Republican county committee because they refused to support the regular ticket, and after they had elected Charles S. Wolfe chairman and D. P. Higgins secretary, they resolved to support Stewart and civil service reform. Since then Wolfe and other Independents have been howling round about political assessments and condemning all persons who had anything to do with them or gave them their sanction. Below I give a copy of a letter which was sent out by Wolfe's committee to the register and recorder of this county, who, by the way is an old soldier, and who lost one leg in the army. Similar letters were sent to other county officers and to the candidates on the county ticket this year. The publication of this matter has given rise to the utmost contempt for the Independent committee here, and their effort to appear as the regular committee only shows the false and fraudulent methods they adopt. The following is their letter of assessment:

"LEWISBURG, Union County, Pa., Oct. 2, 1882. REUBEN KLINE, ESQ., LEWISBURG, Pa.,

DEAR SIR: At a meeting of the (Independent) Republican county committee of Union county, held on Tuesday, September 19, ult., it was unanimously resolved that each candidate on the Republican ticket and each Republican now holding a county office should be requested by the secretary of this committee to donate a certain amount for the purpose of defraying the legitimate expenses of the ensuing campaign. The committee appointed for the purpose of arranging a schedule equitable to all concerned reported the sum of ten dollars as a reasonable subscription, which might be expected from yourself. I would be pleased to hear from you with reference to this matter as soon as your convenience will permit. Very truly yours, D. P. HIGGINS,
Sec'y (Independent) Rep. County Committee."

In order to verify the accuracy of the assessment Mr. Kline called on Secretary Higgins, of the Independent committee, and he stated that the committee had assessed him (Kline) that amount, and he had no power to change it.

JOHN K. KREMER,
Sec'y Regular Republican Committee.

More of the Same Kind.

LEWISBURG, Oct. 4.—The Independent committee of this county, with Charles S. Wolfe as chairman, have assessed William Finnefrock, county auditor, five dollars for campaign expenses. His yearly income from the office is only ten dollars.

JOHN J. KREMER,

Sir Garnet Wolseley.

When Sir Garnet Wolseley was young he was a good deal of a fop in Dublin, as was the Duke of Wellington in his youth, and he used to drive a drag with his brothers daily into Dycer's repository, now the family seat, near Dublin. He then wore long curls. Time had worked much change when he was staying at the Clarendon here in 1862 with Col. Rowan. It has worked still greater since. He wears a yellow sun helmet, wound about with a handkerchief of white and violet checked; his red coat is open at the chest, and spotted with many stains of greese; he has a varigated necktie, a woolen shirt of a loud pattern, gray checked trousers, yellow riding boots and spurs, an opera glass, with a yellow case and strap, and yellow revolver belt with cartridge case; yellow gauntlets, a velvet pocket handkerchief stuck in his red coat, a gigantic pair of dark-blue spectacles, and in his hand he flourishes a fan to keep off the flies.

A Mistake of Pericles Perkins.

"You have stepped on my foot."

The murmuring zephyrs of a June morning were kissing with dewy breath the rose bushes that were soon to burst forth in a wealth of bud and blossom; the twitter of the robin and the meadow lark rose cheerily upon the cool, fresh air that came from beyond the hilltops in the west, and athwart the eastern sky faint bands of crimson light, rosy harbingers of the golden flood that was to come, made a vivid contrast to the deep blue of the zenith, while over all was spread the solemn hush that comes before breakfast.

"You are mistaken, darling," said Gwendolen Mahaffy, looking up tenderly at Pericles Perkins; "it was the horse."

"Perhaps you are right," the man replied, stroking the neck of the horse—a beautiful Norman that weighed nearly a ton—"but it would have deceived even a more trusting heart than mine."

Domestic Life in Texas.—"It wasn't that!" exclaimed Mr. Sanders, indignantly. "You see, I didn't say a word at all." "How'd she find out then?" asked one of the party. "Why, I went home, and she asked if it was me. I told her it was. Took the chances on that, you know. Then she asked if I'd been driking. I told her no. And there I stopped. Never said another word." "But you say she caught on somewhere. How was it?" "Just a blunder I made. When I told her I hadn't drank anything she was satisfied, but when I came to get to bed I put on my overcoat instead of my night shirt. That excited suspicion."

Medical.

WARNER'S
SAFE

KIDNEY & LIVER
CURE

Disease is an effect, not a cause. Its origin is within; its manifestations are without. Hence, to cure the disease the **Cause** must be removed, and in no other way can a cure be effected. WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE is established on just principles. It realizes that

95 Per Cent.

of all diseases arise from deranged kidneys and liver, and it strikes at once at the root of the difficulty. The elements of which it is composed act directly upon these great organs, both as a *food* and *restorer*, and by placing them in a healthy condition, drive disease and pain from the system.

For the innumerable troubles caused by unhealthy Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs; for the distressing Disorders of Women; for Malaria, and for physical derangements generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of imposters, imitations and connections said to be just as good.

For Diabetes, ask for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. For sale by all dealers.

H. H. WARNER & CO.,
Rochester, N. Y.

SUFFER
no longer from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, want of Appetite, loss of Strength lack of Energy, Malaria, Intermittent Fevers, &c.
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS never fails to cure all these diseases.

Boston, November 26, 1881.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO.
Gentlemen:—For years I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and could get no relief (having tried everything which was recommended) until, acting on the advice of a friend, who had been benefitted by BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, I tried a bottle, with most surprising results. Previous to taking BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, everything I ate distressed me, and I suffered greatly from a burning sensation in the stomach, which was unbearable. Since taking BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, all my troubles are at an end. Can eat any time without any disagreeable results. I am practically another person. MRS. W. J. FLYNN,
30 Maverick St., E. Boston.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS acts like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as tasting the food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache.

Sold by all Druggists.
Brown Chemical Co.
Baltimore, Md.

See that all Iron Bitters are made by Brown Chemical Co., Baltimore, and have crossed red lines and trade-mark on wrapper.

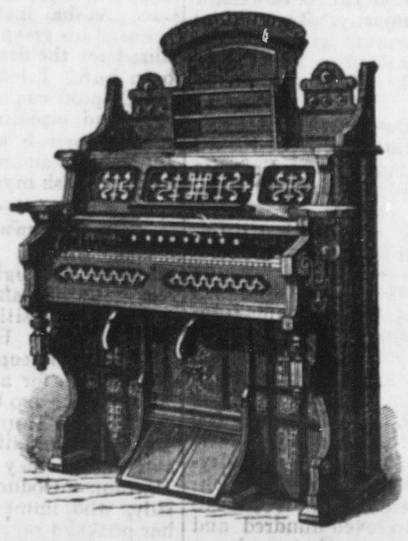
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

There is no excuse for suffering from
CONSTIPATION
and other diseases that follow a disordered state of the Stomach and Bowels, when the use of
DR. HENRY BAXTER'S
MANDRAKE BITTERS
Will give immediate relief.
After constipation follows
Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Apoplexy, Palpitations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, etc., all of which these Bitters will speedily cure by removing the *cause*. Keep the *Stomach, Bowels, and Digestive Organs in good working order, and* **perfect health** will be the result. **Ladies** and others subject to **Sick Headache** will find relief and permanent cure by the use of these Bitters Being **tonic and mildly purgative** they
PURIFY THE BLOOD.
Price 25 cts. per bottle.
For sale by all dealers in medicine. Send address for pamphlet, free, giving full directions.
HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt.

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

HARDWARE,
STOVES.
WILSON, M'FARLANE & CO.
Have for sale in HEATING STOVES,
THE CROWNING GLORY
OF BASE BURNERS.
This Stove is well named. It has a Diving Flue in front, making it a Front Heater.
Immense Radiating Surface.
ALSO,
FORT ORANGE AND EASTLAKE.
We would call your attention to
The Welcome Home Heaters,
DOUBLE AND SINGLE.
Beautifully finished in Nickel. Our line of COOK STOVES and RANGES is complete.
CALL AND SEE US.

ESTEY ORGANS.
STRICTLY FIRST CLASS.



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PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A perfect restorer & dressing, elegantly perfumed and entirely harmless. Removes dandruff, restores natural color and prevents baldness
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A new, delicate & exquisitely fragrant perfume, possessing exceptionally lasting properties.
75 and 75 cents.
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Ginger Tonic
An Invigorating Medicine that Never Intoxicates.
This delicious combination of Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia, and many other of the best vegetable medicines known, cures Female Complaints, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Wakefulness, and all disorders of the bowels, stomach, liver, kidneys, and urinary organs.
If you have lost your appetite and are low spirited, or suffering from age, or any infirmity, take Parker's Ginger Tonic. It will strengthen brain and body and give you new life and vigor.
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Paid for anything injurious found in Ginger Tonic, or for a failure to help or cure. Try it or ask your sick friend to try it To-Day.
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The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords 25tf

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Capcine
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—MEDALS.—
Plaster.
The Best Known Remedy for
Backache or Lame Back.
Rheumatism or Lame Joints.
Cramps or Sprains.
Neuralgia or Kidney Diseases.
Lumbago, Severe Aches or Pains
Female Weakness.
Are Superior to all other Plasters.
Are Superior to Pads.
Are Superior to Liniments.
Are Superior to Ointments or Salves.
Are superior to Electricity or galvanism
They Act Immediately.
They Strengthen.
They Soothe.
They Relieve Pain at Once.
They Positively Cure.
CAUTION. Benson's Capcine Porous Plasters have been imitated. Do not allow your druggist to palm off some other plaster having a similar sounding name. See that the word is spelled C-A-P-C-I-N-E. Price 25 cts.
SEABURY & JOHNSON,
Manufacturing Chemists, New York.
A SURE REMEDY AT LAST. Price 25c.
MEAD'S Medicated CORN and BUNION PLASTER.

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WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE

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By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous
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All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.
Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.
Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.
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GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,
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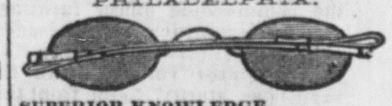

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For manufacturing, all combine to give our SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES a national reputation.
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AGENTS! AGENTS! AGENTS!
For GEN. DODGE'S bran' new book, entitled
Thirty-Three Years Among
OUR WILD INDIANS!
A true record of the Author's *Thirty-Three Years Personal Experience among our Indians.* With an able Introduction
By *Gen. Sherman.*
This new work was at once subscribed for by *President* ARTHUR *and entire Cabinet*, and by *Gen. Sherman, Gen. Grant, Gen. Sheridan, Gen. Hancock*, and *thousands* of Eminent Men. GEN. GRANT says:—"*It is the best book on Indian Life ever written.*" BISHOP WILEY (Methodist) says:—"*It is a book of immense value.*" It is the *only* authentic account of our Indians ever published, fully revealing their "inner life," secret doings, exploits, etc. It is replete with thrilling experiences of the Author, and of famous Scouts, Trappers, Cow-boys, Miners, Border Ruffians, etc., vividly portraying Life in the Great West as it *now* is. 484 *thousand in press.* With Steel Engravings and Superb Chromo-Lithograph Plates in 15 colors, from photographs made by the U. S. Government *expressly for this great work.*
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Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this tp'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

To insure insertion, advertisements MUST be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Relieved of $30,000.

LEBANON, October 12.—About 8 o'clock this evening George D. Rise, cashier of the Lebanon Dime Saving bank, was robbed of a satchel containing $30,000, all in bills. He had just returned from Philadelphia and before going to the bank stopped at his house for supper and about a square from his house he passed by two men and directly afterwards received a stunning blow, knocking him in the gutter. He held on to the satchel crying "murder." The robbers who had been beating and kicking him all the while fearing cries would bring assistance moved off a short distance, but again returned and wrenching the handle off the satchel succeeded in securing it. Rise made a gallant fight and was covered with blood. It has since been learned that the struggle was witnessed by George Pohr who was passing along the street at the time, but he thought it was a fight between a lot of drunken men, as they were roughly dressed and wore soiled overalls They are described as one being tall and the other short and thick set. The robbers were seen to run into a vacant lot near by and were hailed as they ran by another citizen curious to know the cause of their hurry. There is no further clue. Rise has offered a reward of $1.000 for the capture of the robbers. The money belonged to the bank. There is great excitement here.

Assuming a Serious Phase.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. October 12—A dispatch from Portland, Oregon, says the strike on the Northern Pacific railroad assumed a serious phase yesterday. After the board rate had been fixed at the old price the men demanded $2.50 a day instead of $2, as heretofore. This was refused by Hallett, the superintendent of construction. All the Chinamen were then driven from work. Hallett is understood to have telegraphed to Missoula for troops, but it cannot be learned whether or not the commanding officer furnished any. This morning the ring leaders of the mob threatened to hang Hallett. Engineer Thielsen, with the paymaster, started to the front this morning with a large sum of money and an escort of twenty-five soldiers. While the men engaged on the construction are as a rule well disposed there are probably two hundred ex-convicts and many fugitives from justice in the crowd, as well as a band of desperate camp followers, and there is good ground for fearing the commission of acts of violence.

A Cablegram from Parnell.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 12.—James Mooney, president of the Irish land league of America, has received the following dispatch from Dublin:

I shall advise Tuesday's conference to adopt a prudent though a firm policy, upholding the original platform of abolition of rack rent pending the attainment of peasant proprietary. I feel confident this will secure our proper maximum of progress with minimum of oppressive coercion and meet the approval of Irishmen at home and abroad. Ireland relies on America's continued support.

[Signed] PARNELL.

Ravages of the Diphtheria.

LYNCHBURG, Va., Oct. 12.—Reports from Pittsylvania county state that the ravages of diphtheria in certain localities have reached an alarming extent, nearly two hundred deaths having occurred during the last sixty days. Not a family has escaped the great scourge. Twenty pupils of one school district have died with the dread disease, which the physicians seem unable to control. Last Sunday three children were lying dead in one house.

That Democratic Victory.

CINCINNATI, October 11.—Complete but unofficial returns from Hamilton county show the following democratic majorities: Newman, secretary of the state, 10, 651; Okey, judge of supreme court, 8,809; Weibel, board of public works, 9,654; Hawkins, sheriff, 111; Dalton, clerk, 937; Pugh, prosecuting attorney, 2,636; Muscroft, coroner, 2644; Rebenstein, recorder, 2,628; Kuhl, county commissioner, 3,177; Cosgrove, county solicitor, 3,555; Fowler, board of control, 3,569; Applegate, infirmary director, 381; Follet, congress, First district, 839; Jordan congress, second district, 1,763. The republicans claim the election of Banesford for sheriff.

COLUMBUS, O., October 11.—Returns to-day from the state election of Tuesday have been meagre and no systematic effort is made to figure the majority on the state ticket. The democrats, however, claim the state by 25,000 majority or more, though the republicans think the majority will not exceed 20,000. The congressional delegation will probably stand six to fifteen in favor of the democrats, who claim Follet's election in the first district, Jordan in the second, Murry in the third, Lefevre in the fourth, Seney in the fifth, Hill in the sixth, Hurd in the tenth, Neal in the twelfth, Converse in the thirteenth, Geddes in the fourteenth, Warner in the fifteenth, Wilkins in the sixteenth, Wallace in the eighteenth, Fage in the twentieth and Foran in the twenty-first and concede the election of Morey in the seventh, Keifer in the eighth Robins in the ninth, McCormick in the eleventh, Updegraff inthe seventeenth and Taylor in the nineteenth.

The West Virginia Election.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—The following dispatch was received here to-night:

WHEELING, W. Va., October 11.
To D. B. Henderson, Washington, D. C.—General Goff carries eight of the eleven counties, and his majority will be over 1,000.

G. W. WATKINSON,
Chairman.

WHEELING, W. Va., Oct. 11.—In the First district Goff's election is conceded by the democrats. His friends claim 1,000 majority for him. Returns from the Second district also give large gains for the republicans, but not enough to elect John W. Mason, the republican candidate. He telegraphs to-night that he is beaten by about 500. Gibson, democrat, is said to be elected by 1,000 to 1,500 in the Fourth district. Kenna, democrat, is doubtless re-elected in the Kanawha district.

The Very Latest from Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 13.—A Canton special says: McKinley, republican, is re-elected from the Seventeenth district by 8 majority. The official vote of Stark county gives Wallace 387 majority instead of 394 as heretofore reported. Wallace will contest.

COLUMBUS, October 13.—All the counties in the state have been heard from except Adams, Brown, Defiance Fairfield, Huron, Miami, Portage Putnam and Seneca. Newman's plurality in the seventy-nine counties heard from is 15,426.

The Cyclone's Work.

HANANNA, Oct. 13.—Accounts from the Vuelta Abajo show that the recent cyclone caused considerable loss of life and great destruction to property. The tobacco seedings were destroyed. At Herradura 300 huts and houses, including the greater number of the tobacco drying establishments, were demolished. Two thousand palm trees were blown down and seven hundred and sixty houses were destroyed at Consolacion Delsur. The bodies of fifteen persons drowned by the overflowing of the rivers have been recovered, and many more persons are missing.

Unhappy Newark.

NEW YORK, October 13.—A special dispatch says Newark is excited today over rumors that the expert engaged to examine the books of the city has discovered a series of frauds and robberies which promise to eclipse all previous revelations of local malfeasence. It is said that the expert has already discovered a loss of one third of a million dollars and that the probabilities are that the robberies amount to much more than that amount.

Declined to Show the Books.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 13.—The subcommittee on accounts of the councils committee on the gas works met this morning, but being unable to obtain the books of the trust directed the chairman to report to the general committee on gas works that it was impossible to obtain from the trust the books and papers wanted.

Only a Rumor.

COLUMBUS, Ga., Oct. 12.—Information received here to-night from Russell and Lee counties, Alabama, states that all is quiet in the neighborhood where an insurrection of negroes was anticipated. The excitement grew out of false rumors. The matter was promptly investigated and the uneasy feeling is disappearing. No trouble is likely to occur.

The Liberal Movement.

RELEIGH, N. C., October 12.—At a meeting of leading colored republicans of this state held in this city to-day strong ground was taken against the liberal movement. Among the speakers were George W. Price and Rev. J. C. Price. The speeches were earnest and bitter and the sentiment decidedly against co-operating with the liberals.

A Duel.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 13.—A Special to the *Herald* from St. Louis says that Colonel John A. Cockerell, editor of the *Post-Despatch*, this afternoon shot and killed Colonel A. W. Sleyback who had gone to the office for satisfaction or fight. The following from an extra of an evening edition gives a fair outline of the facts: "When Colonel Slayback entered the editorial rooms he and Cockerell met face to face. The Colonel began to denounce Cockerell for assaults made upon him by the *Post-Despatch*, and in his fury the Colonel drew a revolver from his pocket. Cockerell, who had the advantage by reason of his self possession, also drew his revolver, and pointing it at Slayback who fell mortally wounded, and died a few moments afterward. His corpse is still within the room surrounded by a crowd of excited friends."

ST. LOUIS, MO., October 15.—Colonel Cockrell, at the coroner's inquest yesterday, gave the following account of the shooting of Slayback:

A few minutes past 5 o'clock I was sitting at my desk talking with Mr. McGuffin, the business manager of the paper, and Mr. Cole, the foreman. The door was closed. My pistol was lying on my desk, for I had intended to place it in my pocket on changing my coat and leaving the office. Suddenly the door opened and two men entered, closing the door behind them. I was facing the door. I recognized Colonel Slayback and Mr. Clapton, a lawyer who had a few days before assaulted two members of his profession in a private office. I realized that I was to be assaulted and arose from my chair. Colonel Slayback's bearing was that of a person bent upon violence. His first words were, "Well, I am here." He started as if to draw off his coat. I was in a corner next to the front window. Instinctively I moved my hand toward the weapon on the desk. He saw it, and suddenly readjusted his coat and said, "Is that for me," at the same time throwing his hand to his hip pocket. My reply was, "No, sir." But I secured my weapon as he drew his. He presented it at me, and I heard him cock it. I shouted, "Don't do that," at the same time, while his weapon was pointed at my breast, I fired, believing myself at the moment a dead man. I knew nothing of the effect of the shot for he closed with me and thrust his revolver against my side. At the same time Clapton approached me from behind and tried to wrest my pistol from me. I shouted to Mr. McGuffin, "Don't let these men kill me." He tore Colonel Slayback's pistol from his hand and pointed it at Clapton's head, under the impression I presume, that he was trying to shoot me. At that instant Col. Slayback released his grasp upon me and I realized for the first time that he had been hurt. I left the room while Mr. Clapton was calling for a doctor, my head bleeding from a cut received when I was forced against the window and, went into the lower office to wash myself."

A Woman's Vengeance.

DES MOINES, October 15.—Mr. Harmon, a druggist at Swede Point, was shot Friday afternoon by a young lady named Hattie Myers, a milliner at that place. Harmon is alleged to have been keeping company with Miss Myers for a number of years. A few weeks ago he went east and returned on Thursday with a wife. Friday he and his wife were in a store where they met Miss Myers. Harmon introduced his wife to the lady, who immediately took from her pocket a revolver and shot Harmon. The ball took effect in the neck below the ear. After the shooting she attempted to shoot herself, but the revolver was taken away. She then procured a knife and attempted suicide with that instrument, but was prevented. She claims that at Harmon's solicitation she gave up home and friends for him, and if she cannot live with him she is determined that no one else shall. Harmon is in a critical condition, but at his wife's request Miss Myers has not been arrested.

Three Ladies Killed

SYRACUSE, N, Y. Oct. 15.—Yesterday afternoon, about 4 o'clock, the Chicago express train, at the Genesee street crossing, struck a carriage containing John D. Millonee, aged twenty-seven years; his wife, aged twenty-four years; Mrs. H. B. Comstock and Mrs. Monroe Burgess, the two latter being elderly ladies who were visiting here from Marathon, N. Y. The three ladies were killed, and the man was seriously injured, but will probaby recover. The carriage was completely demolished, portions of it being strewn along the track for a distance of 900 feet. One horse was killed. Mrs. Burgess had only arrived in Syracuse on Saturday.

Killed by a Sheriff.

MARSHFIELD, Mo., October 13.—R. P. Goodall, sheriff of Laclide county, killed Rob Taylor this morning while attempting to arrest him on a passenger train a few miles from Lebanon. Taylor is one of the three brothers who murdered the sheriff and deputy of Hamilton county, Tennessee, on the 14th of September.

Discovery of Silver.

BLOOMINGTON, Illinois, October 12.—Silver ore assaying seventy-five per cent. of silver mixed with copper has been discovered in the bed of Panther creek, near Secor, twenty miles from here. It is said one thousand pounds have already been taken out.

INVISIBLE POISON.

HOW IT WORKS ITS WAY INTO THE BODY AND HOW TO COUNTERACT IT.

One of the greatest scourges of the present year in all parts of America has been malaria. This is a trouble treacherous in its nature and so dangerous in its results as to justly cause apprehension wherever it has appeared. But there are so many erroneous ideas upon the subject that a few words are in order at a time when people are subject to malarial influences.

Malaria, which means simply bad air, is the common name of a class of diseases which arise from spores of decaying vegetable matter, thrown off from stagnant pools or piles of vegetation undergoing decomposition. These spores when inhaled with the breath or taken into the system with water soon enter the blood and germinating there find a foothold, whereby the whole system is poisoned and the various functions disordered. When the germ theory of disease was first advanced it was supposed that these spores were of animal nature, and like the bacteria in diphtheria were propagated in the blood, but they are now conceived to be of vegetable origin, like the fungi found on decaying wood or in cellars. The source of this state of the air is generally swamps or stagnant pools, which, partially dried by the hot sun, send forth vapors loaded with this malarial poison. These vapors descend to the earth in the night, cooled by the loss of temperature, and breathed by sleepers are readily inhaled. Hence persons living near stagnant pools or marshes are liable to be afflicted with chills and fever, and such localities are never healthy, though they are more so when the streams flowing into them are pure, and also when the water is high. Again, the drainage of houses, slaughter houses, barns, etc., are a fertile source of malaria. One will often notice in coming into the neighborhood of one of these sluggish streams that pass through almost every village a most villainous smell caused by the offensive refuse which communicates its bad odor to the atmosphere, especially on hot days. This, absorbed into the system by the lungs or taken in through water, which also absorbs it from the air, poisons the blood and deranges the whole system. This poison is also developed in force in wells and springs when they become low, and the result of drinking these is the same as breathing the poisonous air. In a time of drouth the great quantity of vegetation that dries up in the meadows, stubble fields and pastures, the corn fields and forest leaves produces the same effluvia. On the prairies, when large tracts of prairie ground are turned over, the decaying vegetation is a widespread cause of malaria.

The evils which follow malarial poisoning are almost infinite. Disease of a malignant and dangerous nature, accompanied by symptoms the most distressing are certain to manifest themselves and life is a burden so long as this poison remains in the system. The indications of malarial poisoning are loss of appetite, shortness of breath, pains about the heart, wasting of flesh and strength, nervousness, chilly sensations, unaccountable lassitude, dull pains in various parts of the body, headaches, dizziness, a coated tongue and dry mouth, night sweats, muscular debility, puffing under the eyes, an unusual color, odor or sediment about the fluids passed from the system, etc. Any one of the above symptoms may be an indication of malarial poison in the body which necessitates immediate and careful attention.

But if malarial poison could not find a lodgement in the human body, it would be just as harmless as the oxygen of the air. The great difficulty is that, after being absorbed into the system, it produces obstructions in the stomach and lungs, clogs the circulation of the blood, affects the kidneys, liver and other organs, and brings on diseases of a most dangerous character. There is only one known way by which these diseases may be avoided or cured after they have once made their appearance, and that is by keeping the great purifying organs of the body in perfect health. These organs are the kidneys and liver. No one whose kidneys or liver are in a perfect condition was ever afflicted by malarial poison. And when these organs are disordered, they not only permit, but invite these diseases to make their inroads into the body. It is now admitted by physicians, scientists and the majority of the general public that one medicine, and only one whose power has been tested and proven, has absolute control of, and keeps the kidneys and liver in constant health and hence prevents malarial sickness. This remedy is Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, the most popular medicine before the American people, and sold by every druggist in the land. It fully counteracts the evil effects of malarial poison in the system, and not only banishes it, but restores the members which that poison has weakened. How well it does this can be learned from the following:

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 16, 1882.—Moving from the state of New York to the western country, I was attacked with malaria and general debility. I had lost all appetite and was hardly able to move about. I had tried a great many remedies, but nothing bettered my condition until I began using Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, which seemed to help me right away, and I feel as well as I ever have in my life. It is a blessing to people in this malarious country.

C. F. WILLIAM,
1412 Grand Ave., of William & Co., Hardware.

This great remedy has proven its power in innumerable cases, and is to-day more extensively used in malarial districts, whether in cities or in the country, than any or all other remedies for the cure of the same class of diseases. No one can afford to trifle with the first symptoms of malaria, but instant care should be taken to check it on the start before its evil influences overshadow the life.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

George K. Baker's Deposition.

The following is Mr. George K. Baker's reply to a very impudent and false assertion concerning him which recently appeared in the *Watchman*:

Centre County, s. s.

George K. Baker, being duly sworn deposes and says that he resides in College township, and is a member of Capt. Robt. M. Forster Post, No 197, Dept. of Pa., Grand Army of Republic, and is, so far as he knows, the only person of said name in Centre county. That he has read an article in the *Democratic Watchman* of Sept. 29, 1882, in which he is mentioned as having presented a pledge binding the signer to vote for Gen. Beaver for Governor, at, or immediately after the adjournment of a Post meeting, and that said article so far as it relates to himself is wholly incorrect and untrue. That he never at any meeting of any Post, or at any time or place *whatever*, presented such a pledge or any paper of like character to *any person whomsoever, that he never had any such pledge or paper in his custody or care for one minute*, and that the only time he ever saw such a paper was when he signed one himself at Lemont, of his own free will, and that he never saw such a paper in any Post room or Ante-room of any Post of the Grand Army of the Republic.

GEO. K. BAKER.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 3d day of October, 1882.

WILBUR F. REEDER,
Notary Public.

—"Ma," said a Bishop street youth, as he came skipping into the house, "it's wicked to take anything, ain't it?" "Yes, my son, it is wicked to take anything, but don't be so boisterous." "Whoop! Well, I've been swimming, but don't ask me to take a lickin', 'cause it's wicked. I'm after a piece of pie." And before his parent could get hold of a slipper he had slipped out through the pantry with it and was letting the dog loose to run after a scissors grinder who was perambulating along. His mother was in distress as it was the last pie she had, and there were no groceries in the house with which to make more. Therefore, she changed her calico dress for a silk dress with lace trimming and went to Sechler's store for a fresh supply. She was perfectly satisfied with the result of her trip after groceries as they made such splendid pies and cakes and the coffee was so delicious that her wayward son could not resist the temptation to come in the house after some. Then she gave him a thorough threshing and he was a better boy all the rest of his life. So is everybody well pleased who goes to the famous store of Sechler & Co. for groceries.

—Those of our citizens who desire to see the most artistic specimen of papering ever done in Bellefonte should call at the Y. M. C. A. reading room. The Williams Bros. and their efficient aid, Mr. Robert Irwin, have been at work there this week and have transformed the white walls and ceiling into a veritable background for the condensation of rich, warm hues, put on in the most skillful manner, and forming a scene of perfect beauty. It is a specimen of work done in the latest and most nobby style, and there are few if any paper hangers outside of the large cities who can equal it. The Messrs. Williams profess to keep abreast of the times in this work and Mr. Robert Irwin, who has been associated with them for nine years, is a natural genius in all that relates to the art.

—The quality of a cigar depends largely on its mode of manufacture. Harry Green deals in none but the best.

—The following beautiful lines on the death of William F., infant son of J. D. and M. S. Shugert, were written by "F. A. S.," a highly-cultivated and well known lady of this place. They appeared in the *Democrat* of Thursday morning and are so exquisite in sentiment and versification as to merit a repetition in these columns:

A tiny lamb was away from the fold,
It was missed by the Master's watchful eye.
"I must open," He said, "the gates of gold,
To welcome it back to its place on high.

From heavenly pastures it may not roam,
It was only lent for a little while,
To wreathe with brightness an earthly home,
With its clinging love and dimpled smile."

So the Shepherd came for the precious one,
And it knew His voice, as He gently said:
"I will bear it away, little darling, come,
For of such the Master's flock is made."

In his bosom He carries safely now,
Nestled close to His tender, loving breast,
Neither care nor sorrow can touch its brow,
In that home of the ransomed, ever blest.

—The cold winds wail and in a whisper low say: Buy your groceries of Harry Teats & Co.

—The wages of trackmen on the Pennsylvania railroad have been advanced to $1.20 per day, an increase of one cent per hour.

—Ever since the grocery store of Sechler & Co. began operations it has been a model of neatness and cleanliness, and although the business is growing rapidly, it still maintains its excellent reputation in that respect.

An Important Decision.

The Supreme Court of the State has decided that a railroad company cannot decline to honor a ticket which it has sold, whether the holder has bought it directly from them, or from a "scalper." It will be recollected that there is a law in our statute books, passed in 1878, which says that the sale of a railroad ticket by any other than authorized agents of the company, should be unlawful, and punishable by fine and imprisonment. This was intended to protect railroads from the "scalping business."

The present decision of the Supreme Court leaves the scalpers' business unlawful as the Legislature has decreed it to be; but it declares that the purchase of a ticket from the scalpers is a lawful act, not having been forbidden by the law. Therefore, the companies must accept the tickets offered them by the purchasers. The railroad company may secure the punishment of the person who sold it, but it cannot punish the one who bought it, who is not declared by the law to have committed an offense in so doing; nor can it avoid the ticket in his hands, which has been regularly issued by it and is good in the hands of the holder.

—The wedding season this fall will be the most brilliant ever known. During the present month a large number of nuptial events will take place, the result of midsummer flirtations, rambles by the sea, through leafy groves and up mountain paths and moonlight whisperings on shady piazzas. The desertions from the ranks of spinsterdom and bachelordom this fall are very numerous and it looks as if there would be a general rush to the bonds of Hymen. That will benefit the grocery store of Sechler & Co., because most of the newly-married people will go to house-keeping and they will purchase groceries where they know they can get them the best and cheapest. Young women who are just beginning to keep house should see that all their groceries come from Sechler's store. Husbands will not complain even if some of the pies and cakes set before them do show the presence of sandy sugar, poor baking powder and dark-colored flour. But if the groceries used in their composition are purchased of Sechler, the aforesaid husbands will have no possible reason to find fault because whatever is made of them will be perfectly delicious.

—Sunday-school children are requested to send ten cents each to the Longfellow Memorial Association, to be devoted to a suitable memorial to the poet near his old home. Teachers and superintendents are requested to act as agents to receive the fund. Contributions should be sent to John Bartlett, Treasurer, P. O. box 1590 Boston Mass., and for every ten subscriptions a package of ten memorial cards will be mailed to the address of the sender in order to be distributed to the several contributors. The card contains an excellent portrait of Mr. Longfellow, a view of the house in which he lived and one of his poems in a facsimile of his handwriting.

—A visit to the store of Sechler & Co. will satisfy all that it is the place to buy groceries.

Reunion.

The fifth reunion of the Society of the 49th regiment Pa. Vet. Vols, will be held at Huntingdon, Pa., on the 14th and 15th days of November. All honorably discharged members of the regiment are requested to send their post-office address and letter of company to Captain C. Dale, Jr., Bellefonte, Pa.

Orders for railroad tickets at reduced rates will be furnished by I. Newton Ritner, Secretary, 739 N. Seventh street, Phil'a.

—Drive dull care away by smoking Harry Green's cigars.

—There are now about 500 men at work on the Pennsylvania and Western R. R. near Beech Creek. An additional train of carts, horses and stock feed, accompanied by a few men, passed through town on Thursday on their way to the scene of operations,

—Again we advise our readers to patronize the store of Harry Teats & Co.

I. P. Dukehart,

Supt. of B. & O. R. R. Co.'s Hotels (conductor on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad for 28 years, and previously a druggist), writes: "Cumberland, Md., Dec. 17, 1881: I have used but one bottle of *Peruna* between myself and son. He had diphtheretic sore throat, and is now well. As for myself, it has entirely relieved the dullness in my head, which has been of long standing—the result of chronic malaria. I never took anything in my life that gave me such great satisfaction. My wife is now taking it also." Ask your druggist for the "Ills of Life," and how to cure them—a book.

F. C. & L. IN PHILADELPHIA.

Interesting Letter from a Traveler who Visited Several G. A. R. Posts.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 12, '82.

The train for Philadelphia via. Lock Haven, leaving Bellefonte about 9 p. m., Wednesday night, owing to a part of the engine breaking, did not arrive in Philadelphia until after 9 o'clock Thursday morning. Business and building of houses is especially brisk in Philadelphia now. The leaders of the different political parties are also hard at work, and anything in regard to politics especially of a sensational character is sure to attract quite a crowd at the bulletin boards of the leading "papers" of the city. Every preparation is being made for the successful carrying out of the plans for the Bi-Centennial from the 24th to the 28th instants. The civic and military parades will be the grand features of the celebration. A full turn-out is expected from Centre of the part of the Fifth regiment there and of the G. A. R.

Speaking of the G. A. R., I visited the headquarters, 1202 Chestnut St., where I found Department Commander Vanderslice, Assistant Adjutant General Stewart, Quartermaster Williams and General Staff A. D. C. Bartram busy at their various duties. I also visited National Department Quartermaster Jno. Temple (Past, Department of Pennsylvania, Commander) and Department Council of Administration E. G. Sellers. I called at the office of *Post and Camp*, at 527 Chestnut street, and found Joseph Cornet, the editor, to be a most pleasant and agreeable gentlemen; and, by the way, he publishes the best soldier paper in Pennsylvania or anywhere else. It is the proper medium through which to glean all news that relates to the G. A. R. Comrade Cornet took me to visit Comrade Peddle, of Post 2, who is a very enthusiastic G. A. R. man. I made arrangements to visit No. 2, a magnificent Post and probably the finest in the U. S., but on coming back to headquarters I was obliged to make a change in that part of the programme. I was specially and handsomely entertained by the Department Commander, and then in company with him, Ass't Adj't Gen. Stewart, of Post 11, Sellers, Bartram and William[illegible], of Post 8, and Vanderslice (brother of Dep't Com.), of Post 2, was taken to No. 8, Broad and Columbia avenue. There I met Dr. Styer (well known to the 45th boys in Centre Co.) He is a Post 8 man. Post 8 is known at Gettysburg as the "Razors." A muster was gotten up, and as they use the "sciopticon," throwing certain beautiful pictures on a canvas during the muster, you may be sure it was to the writer a beautiful and impressive ceremony. The Dep't Commander and Staff were on the same night to make an official visit to Post 51, on Frankford avenue and Adams street. He sent Ass't Adj't Gen. Stewart and E. G. Sellers, of Post 8, to notify No. 51—"the Lambs"—of the delay, and soon as possible he left for 51, leaving the writer to see the muster out in care of Quartermaster Williams, A. D. C. Bartram and Sayler, all of Post 8, who, as soon as they could do so, followed to No. 51. Post 8 have a beautifully decorated room, a fine attendance, a strong Post and the enthusiasm in G. A. R. business always found in Philadelphia. I have neither time or space to give any more detailed description of the room or services. I will, however, say that no man in good standing in the G. A. R. need be afraid of not receiving a hearty welcome in No. 8.

On arriving at No. 51 we were met by Post Dep't Commander Taylor, who took us in and introduced us to a room full, almost to overflowing, with comrades of the Post and the department officers. The Dep't Commander had just finished speaking when we arrived, after which came the muster, which was especially finely executed and with an instrument—another and a differently gotten up affair—at the close of which a fine picture of Commander Vanderslice was thrown on the canvas. Then followed a picture of the funny Stewart and as it was exceedingly comical it created quite a furore. These pictures were a surprise to all. I can not do justice to the subject of either the room or the services or the kindness of the comrades. I wish many comrades of posts in Central Pennsylvania could pay a visit to either of these posts. They would meet nothing but kindness, and be met in F. C. and L., and it would be, I am sure (as it has been to me) of great benefit. As was the case at Post 8, I was obliged to leave before the close in order to reach the station to take the midnight train. Comrades Sellers of 8 and Taylor of 51 accompanied me to the street car, and A. D. C. Bartram all the way to the station. Sorry I could not have stayed longer and hope I may have the pleasure of soon meeting all those kind comrades again.

***

—Since the 7th of September Mr. J. O. Hartsock, of near Fillmore, has been superlatively happy. The reason is to be found in the presence of a sweet little girl baby which his good lady, Mrs. Anna M. Hartsock, presented to him on the day mentioned. It was the first arrival in the household.

—The fact that Ohio went Democratic should be an additional incentive to the residents of Centre county to preserve their level-headedness by buying groceries of Harry Teats & Co.

—A large number of delegates attending the Reformed Synod paid their respects to Governor Curtin on Friday afternoon by calling on him at his residence.

Special inducements for orders for fall and winter clothing during the summer months.
27tf MONTGOMERY & Co.

A good medicinal tonic, with real merit, is Brown's Iron Bitters, so all druggists say.

Hides of all kinds bought at Guggenheimer's and the cash paid for them. 14-40tf.

—A job lot of odd coats and vests at Valentines' store. Any one needing a working coat and vest for the coming winter can buy good garments from this lot at less cost than poor garments of cheap goods can be sold.
dltawtf.

The only exclusive leather store in town where you will always find the largest stock of the best leather of all kinds, as well as anything in the line of shoe findings is at Guggenheimer's. Shoe makers and farmers will find it to their advantage by calling there whenever in need of any leather. 14-40tf

Part of a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic cured me of rheumatism. My dyspeptic wife got so much relief from the balance that she tried another bottle, and now we can truly say we have never had better health.—A Boston Mechanic.

"When I publicly testified that I had been cured of a terrible skin humor by the Cuticura Remedies, I did so that others might be cured, and do not regret the time given to answering inquiries"—Hon. William Taylor, Boston.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF VALENTINES & Co.—This establishment is now offering a line of beautiful black silks which are *especially* recommended for their *wearing qualities*. It will be but little trouble for any one wanting a silk dress to inspect these goods and it is certainly a pleasure to exhibit them whether the customers purchase or not.

There is also a line of suiting flannels. These goods give better satisfaction and greater value for the money than anything else in the line of dress goods. The cost of weaving is much less than in goods woven with figures.

The stock is full in all lines of staple goods, ginghams, muslins, prints, Canton flannels, wove flannels, etc., which all should examine.

In men's, boys' and youths' clothing we have an elegant assortment of Rochester, Philadelphia and New York makes, than which there are no better in the country.

As fine an assortment of underwear for the coming season as any one would care to look at is now in stock.

Further announcements in to-morrow's issue. VALENTINES & Co.

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer.

It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, which sulphur, sugar of lead, and nitrate of silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggists for it. Each bottle is warranted. Smith, Kline & Co., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, and C. N. Crittenton, New York. 14 24 1y

Confidence Game!

A farmer entered the Boston Clothing, Boot and Shoe House, just opened in Reynolds' block, opposite the Brockerhoff house, Bellefonte, Pa., yesterday, and asked to look at a suit of clothes. He took them up, carefully examined them and asked several questions about them. The clerk of course suspected nothing wrong; on the contrary, the general appearance of the man bespoke him to be an honest, hard-working man, and evidently in need of a suit of clothes. Nothing unusual happened until the man took out his weather-beaten "money purse" and handed the clerk a fifty dollar note. The clerk deducted the price of the man's clothes, and handed the sly old farmer his change. Our rural friend, after securing his stamps, turned to depart and at the same time said to the clerk: "Six months ago I bought a suit of clothes here, and they have done me such good service and were sold at such a reasonable price that I have the utmost confidence in this store and shall buy all my clothing, boots and shoes, hats and shirts hereafter for myself and boys at the Boston Clothing, Boot and Shoe House."

CAUTION.—Having purchased at Constable's sale, October 6, 1882, all the personal property of J. M. Markley, we hereby caution all persons not to meddle or in anywise interfere with the same, as we have left the property in the hands of J. M. Markley during our pleasure. S. S. MILES & CO.
Port Matilda, Oct. 9, '82. 14 40 3t

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next session of the Legislature for a state road from Cherry Run Station, Union county, Pa., to Woodward, in Centre county, Pa. 14-41-4t

Agents Wanted For Dr. March's New Book, DAY OF THE SON OF MAN. Sells fast, pleases and instructs all. A very choice gift. "His highest theme and his best thought."—*Chaplain Power.* J. C. McCURDY & CO., Cor. 7th and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia, Pa. 14-41-4t

Miscellaneous.

ESTRAY NOTICE.—Came upon the premises of the undersigned, in Harris township, on or about the 1st day of June, a steer about one year old; dark red in color, with a white spot on belly. No marks. The owner is requested to claim the animal and pay charges or it will be disposed of according to law.
October 18, 1882. ADAM FELTY.
14-41-3t

SAW MILL FOR SALE.

The undersigned offer at private sale on reasonable terms a Steam Saw Mill as good as new. They will sell it as a whole or separately.
JOHN HOFFER, Bellefonte, Pa.
14-41-3t WM. D. SMITH, Unionville, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Seeley Rowley, late of Snow Shoe township, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.
HARRIET ROWLEY.
Snow Shoe, Oct. 13, 1882. Adminstratrix.
14-41-6t

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Agricultural College and Junction Turnpike Road Company, for the purpose of electing managers for the ensuing year, will be held in Lemont on Monday, November 6, at 10 o'clock a. m. JOHN I. THOMPSON,
14-41-3t Secretary.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Boalsburg and Bellefonte Turnpike Road Company, for the purpose of electing managers for the ensuing year, will be held at the Brockerhoff House, in Bellefonte, on Monday, Nov. 6, at 2 o'clock p. m. MOSES THOMPSON,
14-41-3t Secretary.

Farm in Centre County, Pa.

—AT—

ORPHANS' COURT SALE,

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1882.

By order of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, Pa., the McCalmont farm, located in Nittany valley, eight miles east of Bellefonte, and one mile west of Jacksonville, containing about 190 acres, 150 acres of which are in a high state of cultivation, the balance covered with thriving timber, all first-class lime stone land, a portion of which is underlaid with the best quality of iron ore. There are two good Dwelling Houses, large Barn and other buildings thereon. A variety of fruit trees, good fences, &c. Will be offered for sale on the premises at 2 o'clock p. m. of the above date. Terms easy. This farm is located in a healthy, pleasant and prosperous neighborhood, within three miles of Howard station on the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad, a good road leading thereto. For further information apply to James S. and Robert McCalmont on the premises, or address
WILLIAM SHORTLIDGE, Executor,
14-39-ts Bellefonte, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE

Will be sold at public auction on the premises at Oak Hall, on

Wednesday, Nov. 1, 1882,

Commencing at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

Situate in College township, Centre county, Pa., adjoining the village of Oak Hall, ten miles southwest of Bellefonte, and four miles east of State College, containing 166 acres of good lime stone land, all under cultivation, except 14 acres of good young timber. The improvements are a good two-story stone mansion house, bank barn and all necessary outbuildings. Also, a good orchard, springs and streams of running water, all convenient for stock. A good spring house convenient. The best of meadows for timothy and corn that can not be surpassed in the county, makes it a very desirable stock farm. The best of

PIPE IRON ORE

has been tested and partly developed on said property adjoining land of Dr. E. Hale, who owns the celebrated Pipe Ore Mines worked by Stover a few years ago.

The farm is pleasantly located, possessing the advantage of village and country, convenient to churches, schools, mills, factory and shops, all on a good turnpike road.

The property will commend itself to any one who is looking for a comfortable home, healthy situation in Penns Valley, Tussey mountain on the south, one and one-half mile, and end of Nittany mountain, one mile north, commanding in all fine mountain scenery.

This farm is so located that it could be divided in two parts if desired by purchasers Say one with buildings of 116 acres, and the other part, 50 acres more or less, suitable for a two-horse farm.

Also a house and lot, containing over one acre, is offered for sale in said village. For terms and particulars call upon or address

JOHN S. FOSTER,

14,34 tf BOALSBURG, PA.

EXECUTORS' SALE

OF TWO

Valuable Farms!

Will be sold at public sale, on Friday, October 27, 1882, commencing at 1 o'clock p. m., on the premises, at Gatesburg, Ferguson township, Centre county, Pa., on the farm of the late Michael Rider, deceased, the following described real estate, to wit:

The Homestead farm at Gatesburg, containing 185 acres and 134 perches, of which 150 acres is in a good state of cultivation; the balance in good young chestnut and oak timber. There is erected on the farm a good two-story house, with L, containing 14 rooms. A good bank barn, with all other necessary outbuildings, two wells of never-failing water, a cider house, containing good press and apple grinder, two bearing orchards of choicest fruit, plenty of iron ore, by appearance on top.

Also, at same time and place, a farm situated at Marengo station, on the Lewisburg and Tyrone railroad, about three miles west of Pennsylvania Furnace. This farm has a good two-story house, with L, containing 8 rooms, with a good bank barn and other out-buildings, a good well of never-failing water, Half Moon creek running through centre of farm. A small bearing orchard of good fruit. This farm also has good prospects of iron ore, by appearance. This farm contains 161 acres and 134 perches, 125 acres in a good state of cultivation, the balance in oak and chestnut timber.

Conditions of sale are as follows; One-third on delivery of deed; the balance in two annual payments. To be secured by bond or mortgage, with interest. For information address Guyer P. O., Centre county, Pa. Will meet parties wishing to inspect farms at Marengo Station, on the Lewisburg railroad. We are determined to sell on date above mentioned. Possession given April 1, 1883. Purchaser can prospect for ore immediately after deed is given. JACOB K. RIDER,
MATHIAS RIDER.
14 34 ts Executors.

No. 10 JUST ISSUED.

ELOCUTIONIST'S ANNUAL. 200 pages. Latest and best Readings, Dialogues and Tableaux. Many entirely new, and collected from the best writers for the first time. Post-paid, 35c.; Cloth, 75c.; Gilt, $1. NATIONAL SCHOOL OF ELOCUTION AND ORATORY, 1416 and 1418 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa. JOHN H. BECHTEL, Sec'y.
14-41-2t

Birds! BUY OF THE IMPORTER! German Song Canaries, $2 and $3; St. Andreasberg Canaries, bell and flute notes, $4, $5; Campanini Canaries, trained whistlers, long trill and water bubble notes, $8 and $10. A great variety of talking Parrots, Cardinals, Goldfinches, Bullfinches, Linnets, &c. Birds safe by express. Price list free. Holden's New Book on Birds, 128 pp., 80 illustrations, all about food, care, disease, 25c., stamps. G. L. HOLDEN, 387 6th Ave. bet. 23d and 24th Sts., N. Y. 14-39-3t

Goldsmith Brothers.

THE

Event of the Season.

GRAND FALL & WINTER

OPENING

OF THE

BEE HIVE ONE PRICE

STORES

Saturday and Monday, Oct. 21 & 23.

GRAND FALL & WINTER

OPENING,

THE

Event of the Season,

AT THE

BEE HIVE ONE PRICE

STORES.

S. & A. Loeb, General Merchandise.

BEAR IN MIND!

OUR STOCK OF

FALL and WINTER

CLOTHING

IS NOW COMPLETE.

In Boys' School Suits

We can show you 50 different kinds in which everything has been sacrificed to quality and good strong wear. PATCHES FURNISHED WITH EACH SUIT.

In Youths' and Men's Wear

We have the largest assortment we ever had, and can fit as well as suit the most particular trade.

In Boots and Shoes

We desire to state that we have nearly all our goods made to order, and are now selling a grade of goods that are just as good as the best leather, with careful and good workmanship, can make them.

We Give a Special Guarantee with our Hand-made Boots.

IN GROCERIES

We are underselling the lowest.

IN DRY GOODS

We can not be undersold.

Stock now in.---Renewing every day.

S. & A. LOEB.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Steamer Wrecked.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Oct. 6.—The steamer Herder, of the Hamburg American line, from New York October 5, for Hamburg, was lost near Cape Race last night. She had on board two hundred and eighty-eight passengers. All hands are reported saved.

As soon as intelligence of the disaster reached St. Johns the German consul hired a steamer and dispatched her to the assistance of the shipwrecked people. She left for Cape Race at 6 o'clock this evening taking a large supply of provisions. The consul having ascertained by telegraph that only a small portion of the ship's stores had been saved. Purser Meyer says the passengers were perfectly cool and manifested no disposition to disregard orders. They are now in tents made of sails saved from the wreck, there being only two houses at Long Beach. The ship continues in the same position. Some fishing boats are around but more out of curiosity than anything else, and no danger of an attempt to meddle with the cargo is apprehended. The valuables, silverware, three cases of specie, etc., were saved this evening. Nothing remains on board now but the cabin furniture and cargo. The passengers and crew are expected to reach St. Johns to-morrow evening.

Murder and Robbery.

CHICAGO, October 9.—A special from Waupuca, Wis., says a daring murder and bank robbery occurred there last night, the victim being H. C. Mead, a wealthy banker who had been in business here for thirty years. He was an eccentric bachelor of 60 who slept in the bank and boarded at a hotel. To-day he failed to appear at breakfast or dinner. A messenger was sent to the bank and found it locked. Going to a window he discovered the wire screen cut, the window let down from the top and Mead lying in a pool of blood on the floor. Investigation showed the head and face to be horribly mangled with shot as if both barrels of a double-barreled shot gun had been discharged at him at short range. It is supposed that the assassins shot him from the window where he was sitting at a table writing. The safe was unlocked and the assassins had carried off several thousand dollars in currency, gold and bonds. The exact amount is not known. There is no clue to the murderers.

A Horrible Accident.

PITTSBURGH. October 6.—This morning Jacob Becker, a young man in the employ of Zurley, Farrell & Co., lead pipe works, met with a peculiar and horrible accident, resulting in his death. He was standing on a scaffold cleaning the rust off a shaft which was making one hundred and fifty revolutions a minute, when by some means his right leg became entangled in a telephone wire and losing his balance he grasped the shaft. In an instant he was whirled around with a fearful rapidity and the telephone wire wrapped around his leg until the limb was severed from the body when he fell through a hatchway to the ground below. When picked up he was dead. His head was a shapeless mass, and his leg was still dangling from the wire.

Mr. Davitt's Opinion.

DUBLIN, Oct. 9.—Mr. Davitt, in his speech at Wexford, yesterday, declared that the land league had inculated principles which were eternal and indestructible, but he was disappointed at the outcome of the agitation. When the whole Irish race rallied to the cry for the abolition of landlordism the league had by one tremendous swoop of the government been arrested in its career. The government had been furnished with a pretext for action by outrages committed by some of the Irish people. Pleading for justice at Westminister, he said, was useless. The people should re-establish Irish determination at home to arraign landlordism before the civilized world as the cause of crime and disorder.

Murderers Sentenced.

NEW YORK, October 9.—Four murderers were sentenced here to-day. Terrance McQuade, the dog-catcher, who shot and killed a boy named James Doyle, pleaded guilty of manslaughter and was sentenced to seven years; Michael Cooney, who stabbed and killed Joseph J. Cunningham in a quarrel, also plead guilty and was sentenced to two years; Patrick O'Carew, the sailor who stabbed and killed Daniel Spicer on shipboard, plead guilty and got one year; Luigi Chicitti, who stabbed and killed Nicolla Santa Riseni, another Italian, was sentenced to one year.

The Jeannette Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, October 11.—The Jeannette board of inquiry were in session at the navy department this morning and examined Captain H. C. Johnson, who was the senior officer upon the board of inspection which passed upon the Jennette previous to her sailing from San Francisco. The report of the board was read and Captain Johnson verified its findings and testified that in his judgment the Jeannette was in every particular a perfectly seaworthy and staunch vessel when she started on her ill-fated voyage. Lieutenant Danenhower will probably appear before the board to-morrow.

The Elections.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 10.—The returns from the state election are coming in rapidly. The gains and losses reported are based upon comparison with the vote for governor in 1881 when the republican majority was 24,309. Three hundred and sixty-two precincts give a democratic gain of 6,256. At the same rate the democratic majority in the state will be 2,000.

DAYTON, Oct. 10.—Montgomery county gives Murray, dem., for congress about 1,300 majority. Shultz, rep., probably elected by a small majority. The entire democratic county ticket in this county is elected.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 10.—Returns compiled from twenty-three precincts of Hamilton county show that in about one-fourth of the entire vote the candidates on the democratic state ticket average 500 more votes than the democrats on the county ticket, but there is great diversity on the vote for county officers, indicating that the republicans will elect their candidate for sheriff.

DAYTON, Oct. 10.—Shultz, republican, is probable elected to congress in this district by a small majority.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 10—1 a. m.—The returns on congressmen are meagre and unsatisfactory; from the majority of them no definite results have been secured. The best information that can be gained from both headquarters gives the republicans the Third, Eighth, Eleventh, Fourteenth, Seventeuth, Eighteenth and Nineteenth districts, seven in all. The First, Second, Fourth, Fifth, Tenth, Thirteenth, Sixteenth and Twenty-first are conceded to the democrats, leaving the Sixth, Seventh, Ninth, Twelfth, Fifteenth and Twentieth in doubt. The republicans claim they will have a majority of the delegation. Governor Foster accounts for the republican defeat on the ground that they had eight or ten candidates over whom a bitter fight was made. He assigns as other reasons that the liquor interest went over in a body to the democratic party, not only furnishing means but were also active in polling a full vote. He is of the opinion that if the republicans had gotten out to vote the democrats would not have carried the state.

A Church Convention.

READING, PA., October 10.—An Episcopal convention of the Central diocese of Pennsylvania convened in Christ cathedral, this city, to-day. Holy communion was partaken of this morning. One hundred and forty clergymen and lay delegates from thirty counties are present, Bishop Howe presiding. The convention was called to elect an assistant bishop. At Mauch Chunk, in June an attempt to elect a Bishop failed because the candidate of the clergy, Rev. W. H. Vibbert, of German town, was rejected by the laity. After a discussion of several hours a resolution was adopted declaring it the sense of the convention that no bishop ought to be elected.

The convention adjourned after selecting Reading as the next place of meeting in June next. A committee of eight, with Bishop Howe as chairman, was appointed to divide the diocese of Central Pennsylvania, thirty counties, into two equal parts. P. R. Stetson, of this city, was chosen treasurer.

Trains Collide.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Oct. 10.—The passenger train which left here at 6 o'clock a. m., on the Atlanta division of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway collided with a freight train at Coltewah station, twenty miles from here. Engineer James N. Waters and Pilot John Hobbs, on the passenger train were killed and their bodies burned in a terrible manner. When the bodies were found Waters had his arms tightly clasped around Hobbs. There was such a dense fog that Hobbs lost his bearings and passed the switch which was only a few yards from where the freight train was standing.

The fireman escaped by jumping off. No one else received any serious injuries. The engine was demolished and the baggage car badly damaged.

NO BACK.—In one of Hans Andersen's stories, he speaks of an old lady, who, when she went into company, made a very genteel appearance, only she had no back. There are many people who suffer so many aches and pains and weaknesses in that part of the body, that they almost wish they had no back. But these pains, etc., come from kidney disease, and there is a medicine—Hunt's Remedy, the great kidney and liver medicine—that works to such a charm, that one taking it becomes, like the eli lady, unconscious of a back. Hunt's Remedy has a track of the stiffest kind, for its mission is to support the weak, and heal the ailing, and this it is doing all over the land.

The cultured no longer call it hash Mosaic nutriment is the correct form.

My husband had drunken habits he could not overcome until Parker's Ginger Tonic took away his thirst for stimulants, restored his old energy of mind and nerves, and gave him strength to attend to business.—Cincinnati Lady.

In luck: A gentleman who boards at an Austin hotel called the waiter and said to him: "Bring me a bottle of wine, but I want a good one." "You are in luck," responded the waiter: "you drank up yesterday the last bottle of poor wine we had in the house."

This incident in the early lif of Judge Underwood, recently appointed a member of the tariff commission, is told: His father, when a Federal Judge in Georgia, was asked what his son's politics were. "I don't know," was the nonchalant reply: "I haven't seen the boy since breakfast."

Care-worn persons, students, weak and over-worked mothers will find in Brown's Iron Bitters a complete tonic, which gives strength and tone to the whole system.

It has been ungallantly said that the telephone does what society rules have always been unequal to—compels women who use it to talk one at a time.

M. B. Roberts' Embrocation will not cure all diseases that human flesh is heir to, but for rheumatism, sprains, swellings, burns or flesh wounds it has no peer. Sold by all druggists at 50 cents.

The evildoer is sure to meet his fateat last This is like the Irishman who covered himself up with sheets to escade the mosquitoes, but who explained when a lightning bug entered the room: "There's no use; here is one of 'em come wid a lantern. It's all over wid me, sure."

Catarrh.—Relief in five minutes in every case; gratifying, wholesome relief beyond a money value. Cure begins from first application, and is rapid, radical and permanent. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure. Complete for $1.

A Maine lumberman, who sat in the gallery at a ball, and saw the ladies in short sleeves, turned to his daughter and said, "Katie, I don't see any good muscle in the whole room."

A Brig. General's Statement.

PHILLIPSBURG, N. J., June 18, '81.

H. H. WARNER & CO.: *Sirs*—I owe to your Safe Kidney and Liver cure all the strength I have to-day. The doctors all told me I was going to die.

BRIG. GEN'L C. A. HECKMAN,
C. R. R. of N. J.

An exchange says that man is very much like an egg. Yes, poor man, he carries his yolk around with him, and has to shell out every time his housekeeper gives him a rap on the head.

Always Do.

Special Telegram.

UNION PIER, Mich.—Your agent was here last winter and sold us some Dr. Baxter's Mandrake Bitters. We sold them and they gave extraordinary satisfaction. Would like more of them, therefore, please write us the price by the quantity.

R. M. GOODWIN & Co.

As a sure remedy for sick headache, sour stomach, dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, torpid liver, biliousness, &c., no medicine is equal to Dr. Baxter's Mandrake Bitters.

If tramps only knew enough to go in gangs they would be called Gypsies, and be thought romantic.

The Boston Post wants to know "why shouldn't a girl have her shoes blacked?" Don't know anything about Boston girls, but the reason why they cannot in Chicago is because the bootblacks haven't time.

Every Letter's Contents.

WAESAW, Jefferson Co., Pa.

The swelling is all gone. I am as well and natural as I ever was before I was enlarged. I am delighted with *Peruna* and *Manalin*. S. P. SHAFER.

My son is still improving in health. Your *Peruna* is just the thing for him.

W. BAUER, St. Mary's, Pa.

The large chronic ulcers of 15 months' standing are entirely healed. The swelling, pain and itching have all subsided, the leg is healed, and I am perfectly well. *Peruna* is a wonderful remedy. W. M. GRIFFITH, Ashland, Ky.

If you desire health and to save money, ask your druggist for Dr. Hartman's "Ills of Life."

It is never till a man is ready to go to a reception that he becomes acquainted with the melancholy fact that all his cuffs and collars have got edges on them like cross-cut saws.

The peculiar action on the kidneys and urinary organs of asparagus is frequently noticed during the season. Prof. Benson recently proved in the case of the Emperor William and others that in combination with malt and quinine it is an absolute specific for diseases of the liver, kidneys and urinary organs. His method has been adopted by the Malt Bitters Company, and this great German food is now composed of malt, hops, quinine bark and asparagus.—*Medical Times.*

30 CARD CHROMOS AND **12** LARGE CHROMOS

FREE

with the PEOPLE'S MAGAZINE. The most magnificent premiums ever given and one of the best magazines published. Only 80 cents a year. Sample free on receipt of 3-cent stamp, or 3 months on trial for 10 cents. AGENTS WANTED. Send 25 cents for complete outfit, including all the chromos. Money returned if not satisfied.

$47 a month and board in your county. Men or ladies. Pleasant business. Address PEOPLE'S MAGAZINE, Philadelphia, Pa

AGENTS WANTED

—FOR—

Homes and home Life.

How to attain Good Health, Long Life, and Happy Homes. How to prevent disease. How, when and what to eat. Clothing. Accidents. Care of the sick. Marriage—its purpose, duties and pleasures. Birth and care of children—their physical, intellectual and moral training and government. Social and business life. The laws of health. Signs and treatment of disease. Represents the life work, experience and observations of an eminent physician, and contains important information that Fathers, Mothers, Husbands, Wives, Young Men and Ladies, Boys and Girls ought to know. Nothing like it ever published. Sells at sight. Send for circulars and terms. P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 915 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. 13-39-4t

Election Proclamation.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

I, Thomas J. Dunkle, High Sheriff of the county of Centre, commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said county of Centre, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1882.

For the purpose of electing one person for Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Lieutenant Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Secretary of Internal Affairs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Congressman-at-Large to represent the state of Pennsylvania in the Congress of the United States.

One person for Judge of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person to represent the counties of Centre, Clearfield, Clinton, Elk, Union and Mifflin in the Congress of the United States.

One person to represent the counties of Centre, Clearfield, and Clinton in the Senate of Pennsylvania.

Two persons to represent the county of Centre in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.

One person for Coroner for Centre county.

Two persons for Jury Commissioner of the county of Centre.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid election in the several Boroughs and Townships within the County of Centre are as follow, to wit:

For the township of Haines (eastern precinct) at the public school house at Woodward.

For the township of Haines (western precinct) at the public house of Henry Shaffer, in Aaronsburg.

For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormstown.

For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Merryman.

For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Potter (Northern precinct,) at the public house of D. J. Moyer, in Centre Hall.

For the township of Potter (Southern precinct,) at the public house of D. H. Ruhl, at Potter's Mills.

For the township of Gregg (Northern precinct,) at Murray's school house.

For the township of Gregg (Southern precinct,) at the public houseowned by J. B. Fisher, of Penn Hall.

For the township of College, in the school house at Lemont.

For the township of Ferguson (old precinct,) in the school house at Pine Grove.

For the township of Ferguson (new precinct,) at the school house in Baileyville.

For the township of Harris, in the school house at Boalsburg.

For the township of Patton, at the house of Peter Murray.

For the borough of Bellefonte, and the townships of Spring and Benner, at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Walker, in the school house at Hublersburg.

For the borough and township of Howard, at the school house of said borough.

For the township of Rush, at the Cold Stream school house.

For the township of Snow Shoe, at the school house at Snow Shoe station.

For the township of Marion, at the house of Joel King, in Jacksonville.

For the borough of Milesburg, at the school house in Milesburg.

For the township of Boggs, at the new school house in Central City.

For the township of Huston, at the Silver Dale school house.

For the township of Penn, at the public house of William Musser.

For the borough of Millheim, at the school house opposite the Evangelical church in said borough.

For the township of Liberty, at the school house at Eagleville.

For the township of Worth, at the school house at Port Matilda.

For the township of Burnside, at the house of J. K. Boak.

For the township of Curtin, at the school house near Robert Mann.

For the borough of Unionville and the township of Union, at the new school house at Unionville.

For the First and Second wards of the borough of Philipsburg, at the large public school house.

For the Third ward of the borough of Philipsburg at the small public school house.

NOTICE is also hereby given, "That every person executing office of justice of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of any profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress or State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or Commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment for Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth; and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

I also hereby make known and give notice to the electors of said county of Centre that on the said 7th day of November, 1882, they, the said electors, shall vote by ballot for the purpose of deciding whether or not the provisions of the Act of Assembly, entitled an Act "For the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep," approved the 12th day of June, A. D., 1878, are desired to be in force in this said county of Centre. The Provisions of the said "Act of Assembly relating to the taxation of dogs are as follows, to-wit:

SEC. 1. That from and after the passage of this Act, there shall be assessed, levied and collected, annually, with the county taxes, in each of the townships and boroughs of this Commonwealth, from the owners and keepers of dogs, the following named taxes, namely: For each male dog, the sum of fifty cents, and for every female dog the sum of one dollar, to be paid to the Treasurer of the county where collected, to be kept by him separate and in such manner that he can know how much has been collected from each township and borough, and how much paid out for losses or damages in each, at any time to be a fund from which persons sustaining loss or damage to sheep by a dog, or dogs, and the necessary costs in establishing their claims therefor, as herein provided, may be paid.

SEC. 2. For the purpose of levying and collecting such taxes, the assessor in each township and borough shall, annually, at the time of assessing other taxable property, ascertain and return to the county commissioners of their county a true statement of all the dogs in their townships and boroughs, respectively, and the names of the persons owning or keeping such dogs, and how many of each sex is kept or owned by each person; and such commissioners in each county shall, annually, levy and cause to be collected the taxes herein before named, with, and in the same manner and for the same compensation that other county taxes are collected.

* * * * * * *

SEC. 10. That the Sheriff of each county, on the request of the County Commissioners, shall cause this Act to be published therein, with and in the same manner as notices of the next general election shall be published, and for the purpose of deciding whether or not the provisions of this Act are desired in the several counties, the qualified electors therein may vote at such election, by ballot, written or printed on the outside "Sheep Law," and on the inside "For the Sheep Law," or "Against the Sheep Law," and in each county wherein it shall appear by a proper count of such ballots that a majority are for the "Sheep Law," this Act shall immediately take effect, but in no other county until a majority of the qualified electors thereof, after like advertisement in like manner, have determined that they desire this Act to take effect therein; Provided, that there shall be no advertisement or election for such purpose in any county oftener than once in two years."

At all elections hereafter held under the laws of the Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m. and close at 7 o'clock p. m.

TICKETS TO BE VOTED.

The qualified electors will take notice of the following acts of Assembly, approved the 12th day of March, 1866: "An Act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same. That the qualified electors of the several

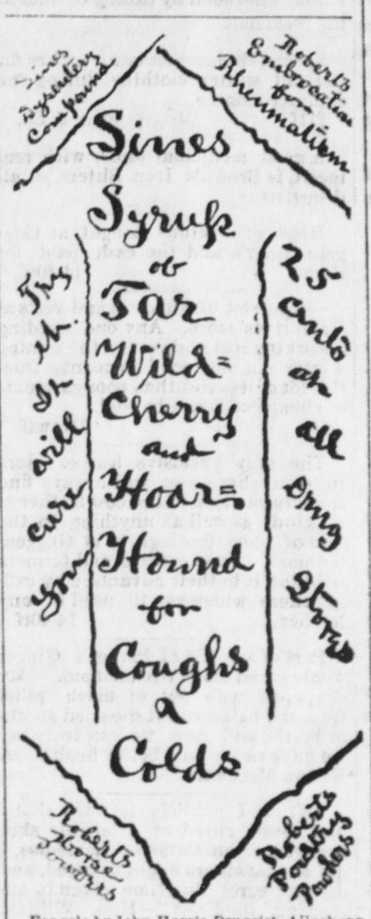
Election Proclamation.

counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed or partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of judges of courts voted for, and to be labeled outside "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers to be voted for, and be labeled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the officers voted for, including the office of Senator and members of the Assembly, if voted for, and be labeled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labeled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labeled "Borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

Given under my hand and seal, at my office in Bellefonte, this 3d day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-two, and in the One Hundred and Sixth year of the Independence of the United States.

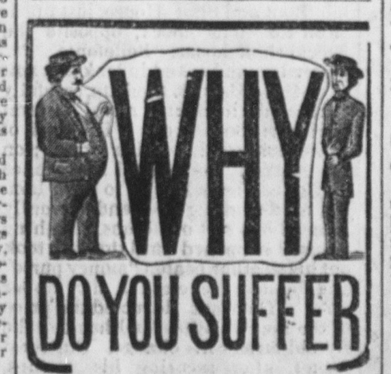
THOMAS J. DUNKLE
Sheriff of Centre County.

Miscellaneous.


Sines Dysentery Compound
Roberts Embrocation for Rheumatism
Sines
Syrup of Tar Wild Cherry and Horehound for Coughs & Colds
It will cure you
25 cents at all Drug Stores
Roberts Horse Powders
Roberts Poultry Powders

For sale by John Harris Druggist, Allegheny street Bellefonte Pa. d&wMar17 1y

HARDWARE!
JAMES HARRIS & CO.,
ARE SELLING VERY LOW
REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,
And all kinds of Farming Tools,
RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,
ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,
As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line.



With that **COUGH** when there is a remedy at hand so **pleasant**, so **certain**, and so **safe**, that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called

GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of

TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT

It contains all the virtues of Tar in a *concentrated* form, combined with the best **Expectorants** and **Anodynes**, the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the **BEST KNOWN REMEDY** for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Try one bottle and be convinced. Price **50 cents** per bottle. Manufactured only by

F. POTTS GREEN, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Best business now before the public You can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not needed. We will start you. $12 a day and upwards made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta Me. ja1d6m&wly

Miscellaneous.

BURCHFIELD'S

New Grocery Store,

just opened in the new Centre County Bank building,

High Street, BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Has everything

New, Fresh and Desirable.

The most extensive stock of

Groceries, Canned Goods, Spices, Table Delicacies, Provisions, Confectioneries, Glassware, Stoneware, Queensware, Tobaccos, Cigars, &c.

In this section of the state.

These goods will be sold at either wholesale or retail, and at prices to suit the times.

As everything in stock is perfectly fresh, and purchased for cash, I can guarantee the fullest satisfaction in both quality and price.

A cordial invitation is extended to everybody to call, and a fair share of the patronage of the people is respectfully requested.

14-19-1y

SPRING MILLS HOUSE,
SPRING MILLS, CENTRE CO., PA

The terminus of the Lewisburg and Tyrone R. R.

This is a New House and newly furnished with Everything tending to Comfort and Convenience of Guests.

The air is invigorating and perfectly free from Malaria, and particularly favorable for the restoration to health of persons afflicted with Pulmonary complaints, Malaria disorders and Hay Fever.

The Table is plentifully supplied with meats, milk and fresh vegetables and fruits in season, healthfully prepared and tastefully served.

GOOD STABLING ACCOMMODATIONS.

POPULAR PRICES:

Per day, (less than a week,) ..... $ 2 00
Per week, (less than a month,) 6 00
Per month, ... 20 00

☞ All inquiry as to Rooms and Board will be promptly answered.

14-20-4f GEO. B. NASH, Manager.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

Nos. 111 and 113 N'th Broad Street (above Arch

PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts; three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.

TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.

MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON, Proprietress
14-21tf

$66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1 d6m&wly

GUNS

I am now opening a new stock of

Breech-Loading Double Guns, Winchester Rifles, Revolvers, Cutlery, Cartridges, B. L. Implements,

and a general stock of

SPORTING AMMUNITION,

Shot at Wholesale and Retail

(Chilled and Soft.)

Shot Gun Cartridges Loaded to Order.

Breech and Muzzle Loading Guns Carefully Repaired.

Also agent for the Pittsburgh

New Family Sewing Machine,

Gun and Machine Oils, Needles and Sewing Machine Attachments.

THEODORE DESCHNER.

SHOP, NO. 44, HIGH STREET,

BELLEFONTE, PA. 14-30-3m

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Patronize the Holly Tree Inn.

—Apples are big, plump and beautiful.

—Jack Frost has not been troublesome this year.

—The late Mrs. Daniel Derr was about 65 years of age.

—The Philadelphia *Press* prints it A. O. Trust. Such is fame.

—Days are shortening at the rate of 2½ minutes every 24 hours.

—Mr. J. B. G. Kinsloe, editor of the Clinton *Republican*, was in town last week.

—New gutters are being made along Linn street between Allegheny and Spring.

—The new axe factory at Mill Hall is progressing. The foundation is being built.

—The Catholic congregation of Philipsburg have purchased a new organ for their church.

—Miss Laura Keller, of Lock Haven, left on Monday morning of last week for Chippewa Falls, Wisconsin, to teach elocution.

—Mr. F. G. Hayes, of Walker township, planted three and one-half bushels of potatoes and harvested more than one hundred bushels.

—The freight train that departs from town every afternoon is made up of a very long line of cars, heavily laden with ore, lumber, stone, &c.

—Miss Maggie Miller, of Huntingdon, has received an appointment in the pension department at Washington at a salary of $900 per annum.

—In December the Methodists of this country will celebrate the one hundredth aniversary of their first conference in Baltimore. It will prove a grand occasion.

—The Democrats went almost wild Wednesday morning when the news of their victory in Ohio was received in this place. The explosion of firecrackers and general uproarous behavior caused considerable excitement for some time.

—The opening exercises of the Bi-Centennial will be held at Chester on Monday, October 23d. It was in that now thriving city that Penn first landed, afterwards going to Philadelphia. Imposing ceremonies will begin in the latter city on Tuesday, to continue four days.

—Miss Mary Crittenden went to Williamsport on Monday, the 9th, to visit acquaintances in that city. Her cousin, Miss Fannie Baldwin, who has been her guest for a brief season, returned on the same train to her home in Montrose, Pa.

—That wonderfully bright object in the eastern sky, the comet, has been viewed by many persons in Bellefonte the past few mornings, and is the most interesting object of the kind the younger portion of them have ever seen. Its luminous train extends from the nucleus in a direction opposite to the sun almost to the centre of the heavens. It is most brilliant about 4 o'clock.

So from the dread immensity of space
Returning, with accelerated course,
The rushing *comet* to the sun descends.

—During the present month it is expected that special efforts will be made in all the Episcopal churches and Sunday schools in the United States, in response to the action of the general convention in regard to the creation of a fund of $1,000,000, "the income of which shall be given and portions of the principal of which may be loaned to aid the building of churches." The fund is to be a centennial memorial "of God's care in the past and for the extension of His kingdom in the future."

—The death of Mr. Jacob Meyer, a respected and veneral citizen of Linden Hall, occurred on Saturday, the 30th of September, the funeral taking place on Tuesday, the 3d instant. Mr Meyer was about 82 years of age, a bachelor and reputed wealthy. He was a member of the Reformed church and gave liberally toward the erection of the fine church building of that denomination at Boalsburg and also contributed largely toward the purchase of the elegant church organ which is said to be the finest in Centre county.

—On Tuesday evening, the 3d inst., the borough of Philipsburg was illuminated by electricity, the first trial proving successful. This occasioned the Philipsburg *Journal* to leap upon the fence (not politically), flap its wings and crow in the most lusty manner. "Everybody look at us," the *Journal* says, "and be awed by our stupendous enterprise. Philipsburg is the first city in the State "*to have its streets and business houses lighted with electric light.*" There are eight street lamps now in operation, while in a short time others will be added, and the majority of business houses are using it. All who are using the electric light are enthusiastic over its superiority to other means of illumination.

STORMSTOWN.

A Very Readable Condensation of News and Politics.

As usual, the news of any importance is scarce in this valley. There are no weddings or deaths to report and the political wave has not yet swept over us, except to a limited extent.

Mr. Horace G. Elder had a very narrow escape from being run over by a special train that run from Tyrone to Scotia the day the church at that place was dedicated.

The casualties at Scotia mines last week were about as follows: A Hungarian had his leg broken in two places. Mr. Stephens, a son of the manager, fell from a trestle work a distance of 18 feet and was badly bruised. Mr Williams had one of his feet mashed. Finally, Mr. George Potter had one of his hands squeezed in a painful manner.

The Juniata Mining Company have put down another well and are erecting an additional washer which will enable them to ship double the amount of ore that they are doing at present. Besides the above-mentioned improvements they are building six new dwelling houses, a large store room, an office and a school house. The company builds the school house and the Half Moon school board will furnish the teacher.

This township will give General Beaver over 60 of a majority. For several years back some of our best citizens have remained away from the polls who will this year come out boldly for General Beaver. The nomination of Rhoads is hailed with delight and gives entire satisfacton to every Republican voter of this township. The Independents hereabouts are very scarce; certainly not more numerous than they were the year when Wolfe run and did not receive a single vote.

I have been in several counties within the last six weeks and failed to find any Independents. What I did discover accorded perfectly with the article copied by the *Watchman* from the Philadelphia *Times*, in a recent issue. The reporter interviews some of the delegates to the Chicago convention. After blowing off a certain amount of accumulated gas, they conclude by stating that they will support General Beaver. Furthermore, I know of quite a number of good, respectable Democrats who will vote for Bellefonte's distinguished Gubernatorial candidate.

By the way, the Democratic papers of this county are worrying themselves a great deal about Beaver voting for Grant at Chicago. In my opinion the Republicans are abundantly capable of judging in regard to this matter without Democratic interference. The idea of a Democratic paper, representing the ignorance and vice of the land, presuming to give instruction to a Republican, who belongs to an intelligent and patriotic party, is one of the things which causes a smile of derision but which it is impossible to comprehend. They urge all true and good Republicans to support Stewart, and in the same breath warn all Democrats against giving any support to Mr. Armstrong, the labor candidate. This is enough to convince any weak-kneed Republican that the Democrats will vote Pattison to a man, while the Republicans, if divided, will permit them to slip into the seat which they have been coveting for the past thirty years. But they will discover their mistake, when the ballots are counted, as they did when Garfield was elected—for the quiet business man's vote will be polled for the one-legged General. As for the Republican party being extravagant and taxation excessively high, all I have to say is that if the Democratic party couldn't manage to run the State of Pennsylvania any better than they do Centre county it would be a sorrowful trade to the tax-payers of this or any other State.

Another sore cause of complaint with the said Democratic organs is General Beaver's connection with the State College. I for one believe that if the highest arch-angel in heaven were to come down and take charge of the State College, he couldn't make it a paying institution until a railroad is built to it and other conveniences are at hand to induce students from the larger cities to come to this College.

But, notwithstanding all this noise—College bosh, &c.,—General Beaver will be elected Governor of Pennsylvania. General Bailey was elected by by over seven thousand majority; Stewart will not carry any more votes than Wolfe; and as General Beaver will have a larger following than Baily of personal friends and admirers, we may predict a tremendous majority for him.

CORPORAL.

—Some sort of a circus attracted quite a large number of people from the surrounding country to the village of Pleasant Gap Tuesday afternoon of last week.

Furst and Love at Chambersburg.

A. O. Furst and J. G. Love, Esqs. were present at a Republican meeting in Chambersburg on Monday evening, the 9th, and addressed the audience on subjects pertinent to the present political situation. In speaking of General Beaver, Mr. Furst said: "I know that General Beaver will make a trustworthy governor. He has never been known to break his word; no power in heaven or hell can make him change his mind when once made up. I saw him march forth to save the Union, no pledge being asked of him; and when he returned mangled he was true to his country, and when we send him forth as the leader of the Republican party, we ask of him no pledge save that of his life. If twenty years of public life will not give a tone to character nothing in politics ever will." Mr. Furst declared that the colored population was united for Beaver, and eulogized their consistency. "The resumption act is due to the Republican party. America owes her success to-day to the Republican party, which declares in favor of protection for the laborer."

Mr. Love's remarks were chiefly argumentative, exhibiting the inconsistency of the so-called Independent party in their attempt to withdraw support from the Republican party with the result of giving the Democrats another lease of power; and that, too, when they acknowledge that the personnel of the regular Republican ticket is unobjectionable.

Nominated for Congress.

The Republican conferees of the 20th congressional district met in this place the 10th inst., convening at the office of D. H. Hastings, Esq., at 11 o'clock. The counties included in the district were represented as follows:

Clinton—J. B. G. Kinsloe, W. S. Chatham.

Mifflin—F. H. Wantz.

Union—Gen. J. Irwin Gregg, Hon. R. V. Lincoln, John Hayes.

Centre—George A. Bayard, M. J. Watt.

Elk and Clearfield counties were not represented, but sent communications advocating the nomination of Hon. Samuel Orwig, of Union county. Hon. R. V. Lincoln, of Union county, named Hon. Samuel Orwig, and, on motion, he was nominated by acclamation.

The candidate for Congress is one of the most prominent and successful members of the Union county bar. He has represented his county in the legislature, where he served with marked distinction. Endowed with a naturally brilliant mind, to which is added all the culture and polish which College education and extensive business experience can bestow, he is splendidly equipped as a legislator and, if elected, will serve faithfully and well.

A Good Nomination.

The more we hear of the gentleman who was nominated for Congress on Tuesday by the Republican Congressional conference of this district, the more we are pleased with the nomination. Hon. Samuel Orwig is at present residing in Lewisburg, Union county, where he is a successful attorney. His services in the State Legislature included two terms during the administration of Governor Curtin. He took a prominent part in all the deliberations of that important period.

He is about 45 years of age, and his entire life with the exception of two or three years has been spent in Union county, Mifflinburg being the place of his birth. He is not rich, being dependent upon his extensive legal practice for a maintenance. He will secure the full Republican vote in the district and is the best man to run against A. G. Curtin that could have been nominated.

—Mr. Al. Grow, of the Lock Haven *Daily Journal*, arrived in town on the 5 o'clock train on Monday, departing again at 8.55 p. m.

—A Mr. Chase, of Clearfield, has received the nomination of the Greenback-Labor Senatorial conference of this district.

PE-RU-NA

HOUSEHOLD WORDS.

"For Sick Stomach, bad taste, sinking spells and palpitation, rely wholly on PERUNA."

"For Want of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Liver Complaint, take PERUNA; it never fails."

"For Cramp of the Stomach or Colic, PERUNA in large doses is infallible."

"Those in literary, professional or commercial pursuits, need PERUNA."

"For Sick Headache, pain in the head, dizziness and low spirits, take PERUNA."

Read and study our book on the "Ills of Life;" follow its teachings and be happy.

"Ladies, if you wish strength, health, and beauty, sweet breath, cherry lips and rosy cheeks, take PERUNA before each meal."

"For Chronic Catarrh, Nervous Debility, diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, take PERUNA."

Ask your druggist for our pamphlet on the "Ills of Life." S. B. Hartman & Co., Osborn, Ohio, proprietors.

For Constipation, Liver, Kidneys, take

MAN-A-LIN

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Single Bottle $1.00; Six Bottles $5.00.

Cuticura

THE NEW BLOOD PURIFIER

Resolvent

Operates with energy upon the Kidneys, Liver, Bowels and Pores of the Skin,

Neutralizing, Absorbing and Expelling Scrofulous, Cancerous and Canker

HUMORS

The cause of most human ills, and curing when physicians, hospitals, and all other methods and remedies fail, Scrofula or King's Evil, Glandular swellings, Ulcers, Old Sores, Milk Leg, Mercurial Affections, Erysipelas, Tumors, Abscesses, Carbuncles, Boils, Blood Poisons, Bright's Disease, Wasting of the Kidneys and Liver, Rheumatism, Constipation, Piles, Dyspepsia, and all itching and Scaly

ERUPTIONS

Of the Skin and Scalp, such as Salt Rheum, Psoriasis, Tetter, Ringworm, Barbers' Itch, Scald Head, Itching Piles and other disfiguring and torturing Humors from a pimple to a scrofulitic ulcer, when assisted by Cuticura and Cuticura Soap, the great Skin cures.

CUTICURA

A sweet, unchangable Medicinal Jelly, clears off all external evidences of Blood Humors, eats away Dead Skin and Flesh, instantly allays Itching and Irritations, Softens, Soothes and Heals. Worth its weight in gold for all Itching Diseases.

CUTICURA SOAP

An Exquisite Toilet, Bath and Nursery Sanative. Fragrant with delicious flower odors and healing balsam. Contains in a modified form all the virtues of Cuticura, the great skin cure, and is indispensable in the treatment of Skin and Scalp Diseases, and for restoring, preserving and beautifying the complexion and skin. The only Medicinal Baby Soap.

Cuticura Remedies are the only real curatives for diseases of the skin, scalp and blood.

Price: Cuticura Resolvent, $1.00 per bottle; Cuticura 50c. per box; large boxes, $1.00. Cuticura Medical Toilet Soap, 25c.; Cuticura Medical Shaving Soap, 15c. Sold everywhere.

Depot, Weeks & Potter, Boston.

CATARRH

Sanford's Radical Cure.

The Great American Balsamic Distillation of Witch Hazel, American Pine, Canadian Fir, Marigold, Clover Blossom, etc.,

For the immediate relief and permanent cure of every form of Catarrh, from a simple Head Cold or Influenza to the Loss of Smell, Taste and Hearing, Cough, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption. Indorsed by physicians, Chemists, and medical journals throughout the world, as the only complete external and internal treatment.

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and Sanford's Inhaler, all in one package, of all druggists, for $1. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure.

WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

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ELECTRICITY.

Gentle, yet effective united with Healing Balsam, render Collins' Voltaic Electric Plasters one hundred times superior to all other plasters for every pain, weakness and inflamation. Price, 25 cents. Sold everywhere.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE!

At the late residence of Joseph and Rebecca Hoover, deceased, will be sold at public outcry, October 28, 1882, the property known as the Joseph Hoover farm, situate in Union township, Centre county, on the old Bald Eagle pike, midway between Snow Shoe Intersection and Unionville and five miles from the county seat.

This property has a large two-story frame house, large bank barn and fruit trees of all kinds in abundance, and is well supplied with water by a never failing mountain stream flowing through it and a good well at the kitchen door.

There are one hundred and twenty-five acres of land, more or less, seventy-five of which are under cultivation, and fifty-four acres in wood.

Terms will be made known on day of sale. Sale will commence at 2 o'clock p. m.

R. H. COLBURN,
Attorney in fact for the heirs.

14 33 ts

Agents Wanted.

BETTER Than Ever.

AND HEAVEN. MOTHER, HOME 400 best authors. Prose and Poetry. Introduction by T. L. Cuyler, D. D. This elegant home book made more beautiful. Revised. 61st thousand. Entire new plates. 40 page Bound. 34 NEW AUTHORS. $2.75. On this, BIBLES and our NEW CYCLOPEDIA, $200 per month to AGENTS. E. B. TREAT, Publisher, New York.

14-40-4t

Wanted Energetic, Reliable Men to sell Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Shrubs, Roses, etc GOOD SALARIES and Expenses paid. Address at once J. F. LeCLARE, Rochester, N. Y. 14-40-4t

ROOFING

For steep or flat roofs. Applied by ordinary workmen at one-third the cost of tin. Circulars and samples free. Agents wanted

14-40-4t T. NEW, 31 John St., New York.

Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher.

Nothing in the world equal to it for the cure of Scrofula, Pimples, Boils, Tetter, Old Sores, Sore Eyes, Mercurial Diseases, Catarrh, Loss of Appetite, Female Complaints, and all Blood Diseases. It NEVER fails. All druggists and country store keepers sell it. R. E. Sellers & Co., Prop's, Pittsburgh, on every bottle. 39-4t

Drunkenness and Opium Eating.

C. C. Beers, M. D. & Son, 433 Fourth avenue, New York, have painless remedies for these evils. Thousands cured. Call or send stamp for evidence. 14-40-4t

New Advertisements.

WANTED.—Agents—Now ready for Subscribers. The leading book of the century.

Eve's Daughters,

or, "COMMON SENSE FOR MAID, WIFE and MOTHER," by MARION HARLAND, Author of "Common Sense in the Household," etc. A book which the best judges predict will outsell, do more good and create a greater sensation than any work published since "Uncle Tom's Cabin." This volume will be eagerly sought for by hundreds of thousands who are familiar with her other *popular* works.

"A standard and indispensable book for all women who seek health and happiness."—*New England Journal of Education.*

"We commend this earnest book to her wide circle of American sisters, to whom it is dedicated."—*Express and Mail.*

"We trust mothers and teachers will give it the thoughtful reading it deserves."—*Christian Intelligencer.*

"I can heartily endorse every word uttered by others in commendation of it."—*Benson J. Lossing.*

"No home should lack a copy where daughters are being reared."—*Mrs. Mary A. Livermore.*

"Bright, varied and attractive in style, true and solid in manner."—*Rev. John Hall, D. D.*

A book no mother or daughter can afford to be without.

Success Assure from the Start. No Experimenting.

10,000 copies ordered by agents in advance of publication.

Royal 12 mo. Beautifully bound in new shade of cloth **$2.00**, same full gilt **$2.50**. By subscription only. For liberal terms and choice territory apply at once to W. B. STEVENS & CO., 129 N. 7th st., Philada., Pa. 38-4t

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Fall Term Opens August 25.

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1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
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4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture.
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A Classical and Scientific Preparatory Course.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, *President*, 14-28-4t *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

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How Lost, How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the radical cure of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by Self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self abuse may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

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BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

STEAM ENGINES,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

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AND

Grist Mill Machinery

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ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Adam Walker, deceased, late of Boggs township, having been granted to the undersigned, those having claims against said estate will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to pay the same. E. I. WALKER, Admr. 14-37-6t

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county on the 21st day of October, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m., under the Act of Assembly of the State of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved 29th April, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION OF BELLEFONTE, PENNSYLVANIA," the character and object of which is for the improvement of the spiritual, moral, mental, social and physical condition of young men, and for the purpose to have, posess and enjoy the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

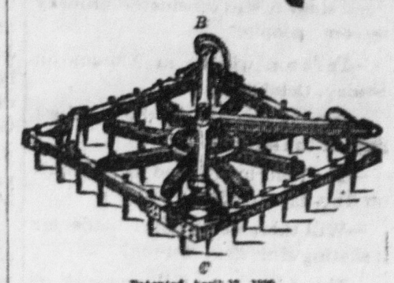
14-39-3t BEAVER & GEPHART, Solicitors.

Miscellaneous.

THE PENN HARROW

BEST IN THE WORLD

IT HAS NO EQUAL



Patented April 25, 1880.

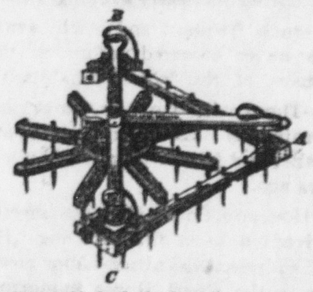
The above cut represents the Penn Harrow complete, with all its combinations of **Five Harrows and a sled for each Harrow**; and each succeeding change is made from this Harrow without the least additional expense. By hooking the team to either point, B or C, the center revolves and gives the ground Two Strokes and Two Crossings in passing over it once, making it **the most effective pulverizer in the market.**

THIS HARROW HAS ONLY TO BE USED TO BE APPRECIATED.

See it before purchasing and you will buy no other.

The Penn Harrow

CHANGED TO A THREE-CORNER ROTARY HARROW.



Indispensable for Orchards, as the revolving wheel harrows right up to and all around the trees without barking them.

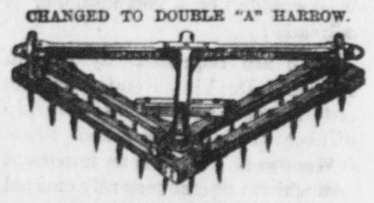
The Penn Harrow

CHANGED TO SINGLE "A" HARROW.

By removing the wing and wheel from the original you have a complete one-horse "A" Harrow.

The Penn Harrow

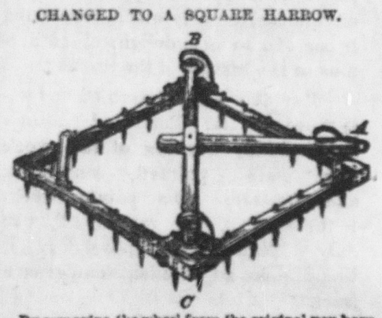
CHANGED TO DOUBLE "A" HARROW.



Remove the wheel from the original, reverse the wing, and it makes the most complete Double "A" Harrow in the market.

The Penn Harrow

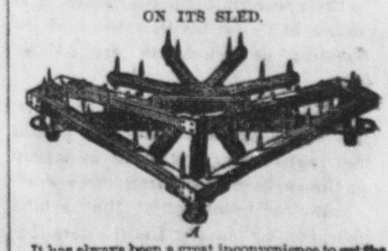
CHANGED TO A SQUARE HARROW.



By removing the wheel from the original you have a Harrow with three points to hook to. By hooking to B or C you can harrow in a furrow, and harrow the bottom and both sides, or over a ridge and harrow the top and both sides, or you can lift either point and have three points on the ground—**something that cannot be done with any other Harrow.**

The Penn Harrow

ON ITS SLED.



It has always been a great inconvenience to get the Harrow to and from the field. The Penn Harrow obviates this, as no matter which Harrow you wish to use in the combination, **it has its own sled to haul it on.**

The Penn Harrow

Is made of the **best white oak, with steel teeth, well painted, in every way first-class.** Formerly a harrow was the most unhandy implement on the farm; with our improvement it is the most convenient, **will do double the work of any other harrow and save the farmer half his labor, and is warranted to do all we represent or money refunded. ORDER AT ONCE AND BE CONVINCED.**

Price of the light draft Combination Penn Harrow, **$30.** *Send for a Catalogue and see what farmers say.*

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Drs. J. N. & J. B. Hobensack,

No. 206 Second st., Above Race,

PHILADELPHIA,

For 30 years have been engaged in the treatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell." Sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.

Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 14-30-1y*

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Snow fell in Lock Haven on Friday last.

—The churches, on Sunday, were well attended.

—Friday is still considered unlucky by some people.

—Pat's son will be in Altoona on Friday, October 27.

—Sunday was one of the loveliest days of the season.

—The Reformed Synod will adjourn on Tuesday evening.

—Will there be an effort made for a skating rink next winter?

—The fare from Williamsport to the Bi-centennial is only $3.50.

—Taste is something that seems to be in-born and cannot be cultivated.

—The autumn season is sad because of the winter which will soon follow.

—Very poor chestnuts and very fine grapes were at market on Saturday morning.

—The new moon is a beautiful object as it hangs in the western heavens during the early evening hours.

—Such frequent and such dense fogs never occurred before in the memory of the "oldest inhabitant."

—Those who saw the comet this morning say that it appeared much smaller and fainter than it did a few days ago.

—Hon. Jno. Butler, of Massachusetts arrived in town this morning. He will address a Greenback-Labor meeting in the Court House to-morrow evening.

—The next entertainment given for the benefit of the Y. M. C. A. will probably be a lecture on some interesting subject by Prof. Osborn, of State College.

—The reading room of the Y. M. C. A. has been metamorphosed into quite an elegant apartment, paper of a rich, warm pattern now covering the ceilings and wall.

—Hon. W. H. Armstrong, of Williamsport, with his family and a few friends have traveled thirteen thousand miles since the 10th of July last. Who wouldn't be a commissioner of railroads?

—We are requested by Sheriff Thomas J. Dunkle to state that the eastern precinct of Haines township will vote at the public school house at Woodward. This is an important item which was inadvertently omitted in the election proclamation.

—The Presbyterian Mite Society was held on Friday evening at the residence of ex-Governor A. G. Curtin. Those who were present enjoyed themselves very much, reporting it one of the most delightful gatherings in the history of the Society.

—Rev. C. Whitmer's sermon on temperance in the Reformed church on Thursday evening of last week was plain, pointed, convincing and effective. His points were: 1, the evil; 2, the remedy; 3, our duty. Printed in pamphlet form, it would make an excellent temperance tract.

—The Clearfield *Republican*, one of most influential Democratic papers in the 34th Senatorial district, gives notice that it will not support a nomination made after the methods adopted by the Senatorial conferees in their selection of a candidate. The matter is to be investigated and interesting developments are looked for.

—The managers of the Holly Tree Inn would again remind the public that parties who are going to depart on the early morning train can secure a first-class breakfast at that establishment, by leaving their orders the previous evening. As it is often disagreeable to cook breakfast at home at so early an hour there should be a large number to take advantage of it.

—The glass works are now manufacturing a greater quantity of glass than ever before and the quality gives satisfaction. Unusual good fortune in some particulars has attended their operations, as only one pot has been broken since the first of September, while it is seldom that a glass manufactory of equal capacity escapes without breaking at least a half dozen or more pots each month. They now blow six times each week, instead of five, as formerly, which largely increases the amount of work accomplished without adding to the force of workmen. All things considered, the Bellefonte Glass Company are making a success of a business which was tried in this place on previous occasions with disastrous failure.

A NOTABLE GATHERING.

Meeting of the Reformed Synod of the U. S. in Bellefonte.

The opening meeting of the Synod of the Reformed church in the United States began on Wednesday evening, the 11th, half past seven o'clock, in the new church edifice of that prosperous denomination in this place. About thirty clerical and lay delegates were present, and more are arriving on every train with the prospect that there will be a large attendance before the day closes. The congregation present was large and the sermon, which was delivered by the retiring President, Rev. John Steinmetz, of Reading, Pa., from John 2nd chap., 17th verse, proved to be an extremely able and eloquent discourse. After the sermon Rev. George H. Johnson, of Philadelphia, was elected President for the ensuing year, after which synod adjourned until 9 o'clock Thursday morning.

The interior appearance of the church is very pleasing. Handsome new pulpit furniture has recently been put in position and the organ in use in the old church has been repainted to correspond.

Synod met at 9 o'clock Thursday morning and completed its organization (after some lively sparring in regard to the form of Wednesday's minutes) by electing Rev. W. C. Schaeffer, of Danville, corresponding Secretary, and Elder J. J. Nissly, Treasurer. The President announced the usual standing committees. To these were then referred various reports, minutes, communications and other documents.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

The session was opened with singing and prayer by Rev. Dr. Strassburger. The report of the Committee on Overtures was read and adopted. The items relating to the report of the Supt, of Bethany Orphans Home was referred to a special committee, as was also a letter relating to the erection of a monument to Casper Olevianus. The Committee on Classical Minutes reported in part. Resolutions were adopted pledging the co-operation of Synod in celebrating the Centennial of the organization of Franklin College, and semi-centennial of Marshall College, in 1887. Reading was chosen as the place, and the second Wednesday in October, 1883, as the time of the next regular meeting. Synod reached no conclusion in its action on Synodical assessments. After the transaction of miscellaneous business, Synod adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

Religious services were held in the evening. The altar services were conducted by Rev. T. O. Stam, of Easton. A sermon on Temperance was preached by Rev. C. Whitman, of Mifflinburg, from Habakuk, Second chapter. A large and appreciative congregation was present.

FRIDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Synod of the Reformed church in the United States met on Thursday morning at 9:30 o'clock, the religious services being conducted by the President, Rev. Dr. Heister, of Annville.

In opening the business proceedings the Chairman of the Committee on Overtures made a report, after which the report relating to the education of the Japanese student in Franklin and Marshall College as a foreign missionary was discussed.

The Synod then participated in a lengthy discussion about the establishment of a Home for Aged and Indigent persons in the Reformed church. The discussion was continued in the afternoon when the Synod decided to take action looking toward the establishment of such a home.

Rev. Dr. Wolf, of Myerstown, Pa., chairman of the committee on the erection of a monument in Germany to Allevianus, one of the authors of the Heidelberg catechism, offered a report suggesting that each congregation give a dollar toward the fund.

The hours of meeting were changed to 9 to 11½ a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m. Previous to adjournment of the afternoon session, Rev. Mr. Shuey, home missionary to Emporia, Kansas, made an address stating the needs of the mission work there.

The evening services were conducted by Rev. W. C. Schaffer, of Danville, and were devoted to Sabbath-school work. After prayer by Rev. Dr. W. H. H. Hibschman, Rev. Dr. J. H. A. Bomberger, of Collegeville, Pa., spoke on "Ready to Teach;" Rev. T. J. Barkley, of Sunbury, on "Alms-giving in the Sunday-school;" and Rev. A. C. Whitmer on "The Necessity, Form and Advantage of Reviews." Short speeches on these topics were made by several members of Synod.

SATURDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Synod of the Reformed church met on Saturday morning at 9:30 o'clock. After devotional exercises the committee on minutes of classes reported a number of irregularities in the minutes of some of the classes and also all items in them of interest and importance to the Synod. The report consumed the greater part of the morning session.

The committee on religious services reported the following appointments:

St. John's Reformed church—Saturday afternoon at 2½ o'clock preparatory services, sermon by Rev. J. H. Sechler; Saturday evening, 7½ o'clock, sermon by Rev. Dr. J. H. Dubbs. Sunday morning, communion services, sermon by Rev. Dr. E. V. Gerhart; Sunday afternoon, Children's meeting, addresses by Revs. N. S. Strassberger, O. H. Strunk and Elder T. T. Miller; Sunday evening, sermon by Rev. Dr. D. E. Klopp.

Presbyterian Church—Sunday morning, Rev. Dr. P. S. Davis; Sunday evening, Rev. T. O. Stam.

M. E. church—Sunday morning, Rev. W. H. Snyder; Sunday evening, Rev. J. I. Good.

Lutheran church—Sunday morning, Rev. Dr. Geo. Wolff, Sunday evening, Rev. L. K. Evans.

A number of pulpits in churches adjacent to the town were filled by members of the Synod.

An interesting meeting was held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms at 4 o'clock p. m. on Sunday. It was led by Rev. W. H. H. Hibschman, or Northampton county, Pa. Addresses were made by Rev. Dr. J. H. A. Bomberger, of Collegeville; Rev. J. Stein, of Philadelphia, and Elder T. T. Miller, of Easton, President of the Easton Y. M. C. A. President D. S. Keller returned thanks to the speakers on behalf of the Association for their thoughtful and edifying addresses.

Company B's Victory.

Five members of Company B, N. G., of this place, and an equal number of Company H, of Johnstown, met on the Blair county fair grounds at Hollidaysburg on Thursday and engaged in a trial of skill at rifle practice. Company B did not expect to win, as they had found at two previous contests—once in this place and once at Johnstown—that there were some very fine shots in Company H, and supposed that at this decisive contest they would do their level best. The result, as will be seen, was in favor of Company B by a score of 99 to 94 at the 100-yd range and 76 to 75 at the 200-yd range. Following is the score:

COMPANY B—100 YARDS.

Gross	4	3	3	3	4—17
Kyler	3	4	4	5	4—20
Geissinger	4	3	4	4	4—19
Van Pelt	4	5	3	4	4—20
Hale	4	5	5	4	5—23—99

200 YARDS.

Gross	3	3	3	4	2—15
Kyler	4	2	3	4	4—17
Geissinger	2	3	4	3	2—14
Van Pelt	0	4	3	4	3—14
Hale	3	4	4	3	2—16—76
					175

COMPANY H—100 YARDS.

Parfit	4	4	4	4	4—20
Gregg	5	4	4	4	5—22
Cope	4	3	5	3	3—18
Davis	4	4	4	2	4—18
Carswell	4	4	4	2	2—16—94

200 YARDS.

Parfit	3	0	2	5	2—12
Gregg	4	4	4	3	3—18
Cope	4	4	5	2	3—18
Davis	2	2	4	R	3—11
Carswell	4	3	3	3	3—16—75
					169

Company B..... 175
Company H..... 169

Accident at the Glass Works.

Friday morning about 9 o'clock a painful and perhaps dangerous accident took place at the glass works, Harry Kelley, a blower, being the victim. He was engaged in swinging a large cylinder of hot glass, as is the usual custom, and when elevated above his head the glass broke, pieces of it descending upon the back of his head and neck inflicting deep gashes in several places. He was at once taken to his home near the works and Dr. Dobbins summoned to his aid.

Since writing the above, we have seen Dr. Dobbins, who reports that Mr. Kelley's injuries are not of a dangerous character.

The Working Force.

The committee to attend to the various departments of Y. M. C. A. work during the year upon which the Association is just entering have been announced and are as follows:

Devotional Committee—Q. A. Daniels, A. W. W. Bayard, J. C. Weaver, J. P. Irwin.

Committee on Membership—H. Y. Stitzer, James H. Potter, David M. Lieb.

Reception Committee—Edwin F. Garman, Washington Rees, J. Reese Van-Ormer, George S. Dare, Harry Schroyer, D. S. Keller.

Employment and Boarding Committee—Isaac Mitchell, A. S. Valentine, F. W. Crider.

Library Committee—George L. Potter, Harry Green, Newton S. Bailey.

Commercial Travelers Committee—A. W. W. Bayard, Washington Rees, Edwin F. Garman.

Lecture and Entertainment Committee—William Zeller, John A. Rankin, Jr., Charles E. Schroeder, W. S. Larrie, F. P. Green.

—The cablegram received announcing the death of Rev. A. D. Rowe in India cost $35. Ten words sent in reply cost $75.

OCTOBER OBSERVATIONS.

Taken by our Reporter While Roaming Through the County.

The traveler passing through Penn township and along the creek of that name at this particular time of year notes the fact that the distillery operated by Mr. G. W. Stover is now idle. The reason is because the owner has not been able to purchase a sufficient quantity of rye to use in the distilling process. The government store-keeper, or inspector, Mr. A. O. Deininger, is also "out of a paying position" in consequence of this enforced cessation of labor.

F. B. Tolbert, also a citizen of that vicinity, is engaged in taking out prop timber for coal mines, expecting that the work will occupy about two years.

Farm improvements in that vicinity are numerous and among them we notice prominently that Mr. Daniel E. Gentzel has completed the erection of a commodious frame residence upon his valuable farm property. Its owner is not only a superior agriculturist, but quite famous as a hunter and his new residence will be ornamented with 50 or 60 large buck horns which he preserves as trophies of his skill in the chase.

A handsome new residence recently erected at Coburn displays the taste and financial ability of Mr. Perry Stover. It is an ornament to that thriving village and we trust that other similar ones are soon to follow.

Among the business places at Coburn which deserve mention are Smith & Co., lumber dealers; S. Grenninger, general merchandize store, and a good hotel, called the Forks House, under the proprietorship of Mr. Joseph Kleckner.

Two tasteful dwelling houses which will make comfortable homes are in course of erection by Michael Evert and Robert Vonada, respectively.

The ancient borough of Aaronsburg is usually quiet and sober, but on the 9th instant there was hilarious joy in at least one household, Mrs. H. Philips presenting her liege lord and husband with a girl baby of which any father might well be proud. Mr. P. is joyful over the contemplation that he will now have an opportunity to learn the art of rocking the cradle at the solemn hour of midnight.

The Penn house is excellently kept by Mr. H. G. Shaffer. His guests may woo the slumbers of the night on soft and downy beds, and rise to eat such hospitable fare as will send them on their way rejoicing.

Mr. L. B. Stover, of Haines township, is no longer the manager of the farm on which he lives, but has transferred that duty to his son, Mr. L. R. Stover. After a life of commendable activity Mr. Stover can "rest on his oars," knowing that his important interests have fallen into good hands.

We regret to record that Mr. L. B. Stover, of Woodward, is ill with a disease which closely resembles lung fever, but the exact identity of which his physicians do not seem to be aware.

Among the possessions of Mr. David Krape, in the vicinity of Woodward, are an old saw mill and two well stocked farms. The old mill has been his property so long that the memory of the oldest inhabitant "runneth not to the contrary," and it has realized to him many a dollar. A son living on one farm and a son-in-law on the other infuse the spirit and fire of youth into the various details of work upon the two properties. Mr. K. is a widower and the domestic affairs of his household are presided over by Miss Young, who has lived with him since her extreme youth and is therefore of inestimable value to him.

Society of the 49th Penn'a Vols.

We have already alluded to the reunion of the Society of the 49th Penn's Vols. to be held in Huntingdon on the 14th and 15th of November, and are now enabled to give the following additional information.

From the fact that since the last gathering of this Society the whereabouts of a large number of surviving comrades, heretofore unknown, has been ascertained, the committee of arrangements anticipate an attendance and interest at the coming reunion surpassing that of any former occasion.

The committee is already actively engaged in perfecting such measures as will insure a grand success. It is *expected* that the comrades will be furnished with meals gratuitously by a "Committee of Citizens," thus reducing the expenses to those of car fare, lodging, dues and incidentals.

One of the *special* attractions of this reunion will be the display of the photographs of a large number of comrades, many of whom are now deceased.

—Mr W. B. Rankin departed last Friday for Williamsport, Muncy and Shamokin, where business of an important nature demands his attention.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. Kealsh, of Philadelphia, is performing clerical work for Recorder Bible.

Miss Libbie Boak, of Snow Shoe, is visiting Miss Dollie Shafer, of Lock Haven.

Mrs. Harry Hicks, of Linn street, is at present entertaining her father, Mr. Ellis Marshall, of Concordville.

Miss Emma Saltsman, of Lock Haven, niece of D. H. Hastings, Esq., of this place, is a guest at her uncle's hospitable home on Linn street.

Mrs. Joseph Cedars returned home on Friday evening after a visit among friends in Germantown, prolonged through five or six weeks.

Mrs. W. R. Jenkins, of Linn street, accompanied by her young son Harry, returned Wednesday from a visit of a week or more in Philadelphia.

Misses Mary Leitzell and Susan Miller, of Spring Mills, returned to their homes last week after an enjoyable visit in Lock Haven, where they were the guests of Miss Maggie Hering.

Hon. John B. Linn was in Millheim recently examining ancient records and interviewing some of the older citizens for the purpose of collecting material for his history of Centre county.

Hon. R. V. Lincoln and Mr. John Hayes, who represented Union county in the Republican Congressional Conference, held in this place Tuesday of last week, were the guests of Dr. Thomas R. Hayes while in town.

The editor of the NEWS, Mr. E. L. Gray, with his mother, Mrs. E. T. Tuten, arrived home on Tuesday evening of last week at 8:55, after an absence of ten weeks, during which both travelers have been making a tour of the Eastern States and meeting many old acquaintances and friends.

Rev. Isaac K. Loos, pastor of the Reformed church at Bethlehem, was one of the delegates who attended the Reformed Synod. He is one of the most agreeable gentlemen it has ever been our good fortune to meet and we can readily believe that the congregation under his charge is prosperous to an unusual degree.

To the Memory of Jacob Franklin Jamison.

WHEREAS, In the providence of Almighty God, a beloved scholar, Jacob Franklin Jamison, has been removed from our midst, although he had just passed his twelfth summer, his bright face, gentle and loving ways had endeared him to the hearts of all We will ever remember the unselfishness of his character, his kindness of heart, and agreeable disposition that characterized him in all his relations with us. Therefore we, the members of Georges Valley Union Sabbath School, submit the following resolutions of respect:

Resolved, That while we mourn the loss of our brother—a loss that will be felt in our Sabbath school and community—yet we bow in humble submision to Him "who doeth all things well," hoping that what is our loss is his eternal gain.

Resolved, That our heartfelt sympathy be extended to the bereaved parents, brother and sisters, and may the Lord comfort them in their great affliction.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be placed upon the minutes of the school, a copy be sent to the parents of the deceased, and a copy to the Bellefonte *Republican* and Centre Hall *Reporter* for publication.

M. T. UNDERWOOD,
SARAH C. DALE,
D. M. MCCOOL.

—Rev. J. M. Palmer arrived home from conference last Wednesday. He has been assigned to the churches included in the Meadville and Erie charge, Rev. George J. Clift, formerly of Lewistown, coming here. Rev. George Skinner will go to Salem, Ohio. The next conference will be held in this place. From information given by Rev. Palmer we learn that the boundaries of the conference extend into Ohio and West Virginia and as far north as Waverly, N. Y., including 43 churches with a membership of 2,045 and church property valued at $133,194.63. Rev. Palmer is much pleased with his residence in Bellefonte and dislikes to leave, although the rules of the church necessitate it.

Leonard Rhone's Declination.

CENTRE HALL, OCT. 7, 1882.

A. O. Furst, Esq., Chairman Centre County Republican Convention:

Dear Sir:—Your letter of September 30th announcing my nomination as a candidate for House of Representatives of the General Assembly, is received.

Under existing circumstances, I cannot accept the position tendered me, and hereby respectfully decline it. LEONARD RHONE.

—President Roberts and the directors and general officers of the Pennsylvania railroad last Monday started upon their annual trip of inspection on the roads of that system, which will occupy three weeks.

—The family of the venerable Samuel Hunter, at Mill Hall, is just now sadly afflicted. In the first place a bright, promising daughter has been an invalid for nearly two years. Saturday, the 7th inst., Mrs. Hunter fell down stairs and sustained serious injuries, among them concussion of the spine. On Tuesday morning Mr. Ab. Hunter, a son, had the misfortune to break his right leg below the knee while employed at Al. Mann's new residence. He was working with a log or stick of timber, when one end flew around and struck him on the leg.

MARRIED.

REAMY—MUSSER.—October 12, at the home of the bride's parents, by Rev. J. Alfred Koser, John T. Reamy, of Unionville, and Miss Ella M. Musser, eldest daughter of Samuel Musser, of Ferguson township.

WILLIAMS—WALKER.—At the United Brethren parsonage, in Port Matilda, October 5th, 1882, by Rev. U. Conley, Mr. Jacob Williams and Mrs. Lydia A. Walker.

GUMMO—CLARK.—At the U. B. parsonage, at Port Matilda, October 12, by Rev. U. Conley, Mr. George B. Gummo and Miss Martha Clark, both of Buffalo Run.

VANPOOLE—SMITH.—By H. H. Osman, J. P., at his residence in Port Matilda, Centre Co., Pa., on October 10, Mr. William Vanpoole, of Taylor township, Centre county, and Miss Mary Francis Smith, of Blair county.

GATES—BUSH.—At the M. E. parsonage, in Milesburg, on the 8th of October, by Rev. J. A. Woodcock, Mr. Calvin E. Gates, of Snow Shoe, and Miss Elmeda Bush, of Unionville.

Pittsburgh Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE NEWS BY

R. BEATTY, SON & CO.,

No. 193 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., wholesale PRODUCE COMMISSION HOUSE. Established in 1850. They receive and sell all kinds of Country Produce, Domestic and Foreign Fruit and Vegetables.

Shippers and country dealers having seasonable produce, etc., for sale are invited to consign or correspond.

PITTSBURGH, PA., October 16, 1882.

Business continues very active and values rule steady. The demand for apples continues very active. Eggs are firm. Choice butter in good demand.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

APPLES—New, choice, per bbl. 2 50a3 00; medium, 1 50 a 2 00.

APPLE BUTTER—per gal. 50a70c.; Apple Jelly, 8a7c. per lb.

BUTTER—Dairy, 22a25c.; "Gilt Edge," 23a25c.; Creamery, 30a35c.; Choice Ohio, 18a20c., Extra Choice Ohio, 20a22c.; Medium, 12a15c.

BEANS—Choice Navy at 3 90a3 25; Medium, 2 50a2 75; Mixed, 2 00a2 50; Lima, 6a6½c. lb.

BACON—Country, clear sides, 10a12c.; Ribs, 10a11c.; Shoulders, 9a10c.

BROOM CORN—Extra choice green hurl, 10a10½c.; No. 1 hurl, 9a10c.; choice short green, 7a8c.; inferior, 5a6c.

CIDER—Per bbl, 9 00a10 00; crab apple, 9 00a10 00

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, 8a10c.; do., quarters, 5a6.; Peaches, halves, 6a7c; peeled, do. 15a18c.; pitted Cherries, 23a25c.; Raspberries, 34a35c.; Blackberries, 15a17c per lb.

FOREIGN FRUITS—Lemons, 4 00a5 00 per box.; Palermo Oranges, 5 50a8 00; Messina 8 00a8 50.

FEATHERS—Live Geese, per lb., 56a60c. Mixed, 45a50c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh, 23a25c.

SEEDS—Timothy, per bushel, 2 00a2 25; Clover, 5 00a5 25 for small; 5 65a5 85 for small

VINEGAR—Choice Wine and Malt, 25a30c. per gal.; Country 10a13c. per gal., as to quality.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, 55a 70c. per bush Bananas, 2 00 to 4 00 per bunch; Plums, 3 75 to 4 00 per bush., 6 50a7 00 per stand; Onions, 2 00 to 2 50 per bbl.; Pears, 6 00a10 per bbl.; Peaches, per bush., 1 50a2 50; Sweet Potatoes, Jersey, 3 25 to 3 50 per bbl.; Baltimore, 2 00a 2 50; Grapes, 4 to 5c. per lb.

GROCERIES.

GREEN COFFEE—Fancy Rio, per lb. 13½c.; do., 13c.; Prime Rio, 11½c.; Good Rio, 10½c.; Ordinary, 9½c.; Java, 20a22c.

ROASTED COFFEE—In paper, per lb., 14a 14½c.; lower grades, 12½a13c.; in bulk, 11½a 15c.; Java, paper, 24a26c.; Java, bulk, 20a25c.

SUGARS—Standard A, per lb., 9¾c.; Windsor A 9¼c.; Prairie B, 8¼c.; Refined Yellow, 8a 8¼c.; Molasses Yellow, 7¼a8c.; Granulated, 10c.; Powdered, 10¾c.; Crushed, low, 10¼c.; Cut Loaf, 10¾c.

SYRUPS—Choice Maple Flavored, 48c.; Prime Maple Flavored, 46c; Choice Sugar Syrup, 53a55c.

RICE—Rangoon, per lb., 6¼a6¾c.; Carolina, 7¼a9½c.

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES—Choice, 72c.; Strictly Prime, 70c.; Prime, 68c.

TEAS—Young Hyson, per lb., 25c.a1 00; Gunpowder, 25c a1 00; Imperial, 35a80c.; Japan, 28a70c.; Oolong, 22a75c.; Souchong, 22a65c.

GRAIN, FLOUR, FEED, ETC.

WHEAT—Prime Red Winter, 1 00a1 05 Medium, 95a1 00; Old, 1 15.

CORN—High Mixed Shelled, 70a72; Yellow, Shelled, 72a73; Ear Corn, 80a83.

OATS—37a42.

FLOUR—Fancy Patents (spring and winter) 7 00a7 50; Fancy St. Louis (winter), 7 50a7 75; Fancy Family, White, Amber and Winter, 6 00 a6 25; Choice Family (choice red winter), 5 25 a6 00; XX Family (medium winter), 5 50a 5 75; XXX Bakers' (Minnesota), 6 25a6 50; XX Bakers' (Wisconsin), 6 00a6 25; Cornmeal, 85a90c., in paper; Oatmeal—medium brand—7 25a7 50 per bbl.; Fancy, 7 75a8 00. Rye Flour, 4 50a4 75

HAY—Prime Timothy, baled, at 13 00a15 00 per ton; Prime new, Loose, 12 00a15 00; Prairie, 9 00a10 00.

PROVISIONS AND LIVE STOCK.

PROVISIONS—Ex. S. C. Hams, per lb. 16½c.; Ex. S. C. Shoulders, 12¾c.; Ex. S. C. Breakfast Bacon, 17½c.; Ex. S.C. Dried Beef, in sets, 13½c.; Beef Tongues, per doz., 7 00; Lard, Refined, summer use, in tierces, 13½c.; do., in half bbls., 14c.; do., in buckets, 14c.; do., 3 lb. pails, 60 lbs. in case, 14½c.; do., 5 lb. pails, 14¼c.; do. in 6 lb. pails, 14¼c.; do. in 10 lb. pails, 14¼c.

CATTLE—Fair to Prime Shipping, 5 75a 6 00; Common to Good Butchering, 5 00a5 50; Bulls and Fat Cows, 3 50a4 00; Veals, 6a7c.

SHEEP—Common to Fair, 4 00a4 25; Good to Prime, 4 50a5 75; Lambs, 4 50a5 50.

HOGS—Philadelphia Hogs, 8 75a9 00; Good Corn Fed Yorkers, 8 25a8 50; Grassers, 7 50a8 00.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, October 17, 1882.

Wheat—No. 1, per bushel	$1 00
Wheat—No. 2,	90
Wheat—No. 3	80
Rye per bushel	80
Corn, ear	90
Corn, shelled, old	90
Oats	45
Cloverseed	5 50@6 00
Flour, old wheat, retail, per barrel	7 00
Flour, old wheat, wholesale	5 75

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$10 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@ 8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 7 00
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	9 00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	6
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	25
Beans per quart	10
Fresh butter per pound	30
Chickens per piece	20
Cheese per pound	15
Country hams per pound	16
Hams, sugar cured	18
Country Bacon	15
Lard per pound	15
Eggs per doz	20
Potatoes per bushel, new	50
Dried beef	22
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	15
Lemons per doz	40
Dried sweet corn per pound	15